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</table>
It is a great pleasure for me to work with DORP as Chairman for last seven years. DORP has been working with a unique commitment for total development of the rural poor. It has earned a series of successes, particularly, in the field of poverty alleviation, resettlement, education and WASH.

Through SAPNA package, DORP has implemented its maternity allowance program to empower a large segment of poor rural women for many years. To document the success, DORP arranged ‘SAPNA MA Shera Dosh’ program in 2019. Meanwhile, the Wash budget tracking and resettlement project activities led by DORP have received international recognition.

Let us remember the father of the nation, Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman. This year the nation is celebrating his birth centenary. Bangabandhu’s spirit of continuous struggle and vision for a developed Bangladesh, without hunger and poverty, are our guidelines at DORP. Our efficient and committed team does all its best for optimum results and success. I, as Chairman, am proud of my DORP team.

Mr. AHM Nouman, the founder and CEO of DORP led the organization into a new height with his dynamic leadership, strong willpower and dedication. My cordial thanks to him.

I am very much grateful to the Executive Committee, General Body and Advisory Committee members of the organization who are giving their best and valuable guidance and effort.


I hope and believe we the DORP family will do our best for a better future of our beloved motherland working in line with Sustainable Development Goals of the country.

Md. Azher Ali Talukder
Chairman, DORP
Additional Secretary (Retd.)
Positioning The Year 2019

Genesis of DORP with project wise short brief is described in line of thematic issues of report 2019, believing shall make all concern for togetherness.

Ending poverty SDG no 1 agenda is a core for DORP exercising deeply by all the players act With and For DORP. I welcome and Congratulate all of them. Regarding the project as it is already in contents and further our beloved Chairman Mr. Md. Azher Ali Talukder in his message has already covered most of the matter which leave me out to note more to write.

BrihaspateerAdda (Thursday’s gossiping), periodical staff togetherness, celebrating SAPNA Ma Top Ten-works as a fuel to work more. The more we work the more we proceed onward.

Hence, Resettlement, Development, Health, Education, Water & Sanitation are going drum beating weight of Holistic arena. We feel proud to all Connecting the Disconnects events through exposure like

a) Seminar (All system Go) organized by IRC &attended SIMAVI Summit at The Netherlands;
b) Meeting of SWA at Germany;
c) Attended World Water Week 2019 at Sweden;
d) i. Meeting of SWA and Water Integrity Network and
   ii. Training on Outcome Monitoring from Research, Planning & Monitoring division of this reporting year at Nepal;
e) Annual Meeting of `Watershed Program at India;
f) IWA Network Conference at Srilanka;
g) World Thinkers and Writers Peace Meet and visiting Nadia villages culture and sharing Rural Development experiences with KallyaniUniversity.

DORP’s every stone and works of any deeds has its own history. We are yet elaborating capacity to enhance the Microfinance solidarity and expansion both marching with man based integrated ENRICH of PKSF brain child.

We are well positioned in this year 2019. DORP is very much stimulated by working Resettlement area and Training with CSC-Bangladesh Army PBRLP-Bangladesh Railway, Payra Port Authority – Bangladesh Navy, Ministry of Shipping, DWASA of LGRD, Dohazari-Cox’s Bazar Railway Project-Bangladesh Railway, GTCL Ministry of Power, Energy and Mineral Resources, Coal Fired Power Project at Moheshkhali under Ministry of Power, Energy and Mineral Resources.

Thanks and regards to all concern including media country and abroad.

AHM Nouman
Founder and CEO, DORP
Laureate, Gusi Peace Prize International Award-2013
December 2019
Chapter 1: Introduction of the Organisation

Introduction of the Organisation

Development Organisation of the Rural Poor-DORP, a national Non-Governmental Organisation (NGO), has been working in the development field for more than 2 decades in Bangladesh. The experiences of the organisation are not confined to specific field, rather diverse in action. The pioneer and founder of the organisation is the first generation development activist in the country, along-with his companions who have also long experience in different areas of development.

In 1970, just before the liberation war of Bangladesh, a devastating cyclone caused havoc and about 1 million people died in the coastal area. During that time some youths of Ramgati Thana under Laksmipur district (one of the severely cyclone affected areas) were organised to help the victims through relief and rehabilitation program. After completion of the works, it was realised that relief could only solve the immediate problems of the affected people but much more is needed for self-reliance. Based on this realization, they started a cooperative movement ensuring the participation of the affected people under the name of Ramgati Central Cooperative Association. After starting the work, a new concept about rehabilitation was drawn in the minds of the organisers in the frame of creation and development of Cluster Village. The World Bank Christmas Party Fund supported the program under the name of Gram Bishaw and that was the ever first Cluster Village in the country set up at Ramgati, during 1970-71.

Thus, the present Chief Executive and Founder of DORP, AHM Nouman was directly involved in relief and rehabilitation program and Bishwa Gram project as a pioneer and architect. Later on, realizing the importance and indispensability of self-help and self-reliance in promoting the sustainable development, he along with a few other pioneers, established the well-known Swanirvar Bangladesh, one of the leading self-reliance promoting NGO of the country. Working with this mission for a long time, they realised the change of social and economic situation of the country and felt to transform development sector through bottom-up approach, while people from rural areas of the country were the focal group of development. Eventually, in 1987, AHM Nouman with other like-minded professional rural development actors established DORP for achieving sustainable development through self-reliance.

Thus, DORP became an organisation of a set of social workers with adequate educational and technical expertise including grass root people, with local level experiences in the areas of integrated development. Its participatory approach was method of practice from the very beginning of the organisation. In DORP's evolution process, it has experimented out various approaches and undertaken some action-oriented research to identify direction of its programs with active participation of people specially the poor, women and riverine belt inhabitants as program partners.
The Year 2019: DORP has been implementing 17 Projects

Bangladesh Map
DORP Working Area
74 Sub-Districts of 27 Districts

4 Thematic areas identified to address in 5 years 2016-2020

- Livelihood, Micro Finance and Resettlement
- Health, Nutrition and WASH
- Education
- Environment and Climate Change
Watershed – Empowering Citizens

At a Glance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area/ Location</th>
<th>Bhola Sadar and Ramgati Upazila.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>1 January 2019 to 30 September 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total beneficiaries</td>
<td>66342</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective of the project</td>
<td>“strengthen capacity of Civil Society Organizations (CSOs) to advocate and lobby in the interrelated fields of IWRM and WASH to ensure equity and social inclusion, as well as sustainable usage of water resources.”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Assignment/Activities of DORP

1. Coaching of the CSO on Inclusion and sustainability, Budget Tracking, engage with other stakeholders, WASH, IWRM, Lobby and Advocacy.
2. Lobby and advocacy meeting with WASH/IWRM service providers.
3. Pre-budget and Open budget dialogue at Union Parishad.
4. Fill up WASH/IWRM Budget monitoring tool with service providers. (BWDB, LGED, DPHE).
5. CSOs meeting with UpazilaParishad WASH Public Health, Sanitation and Pure Water Supply committee for addressing WASH rights for excluded people.
6. Citizen Scoring and petition submission to enable environment for accountability.
7. Documentation of the successes and activities like Booklet on WASH and IWRM, Water Security plan-WSP, Poster, position paper etc.
8. Scale up the initiative in other Upazila.

Progress Achieved

1. Between 5 May and 30 May 2019, nine (9) Union Parishads in BholaSadarUpazila have allocated separate WASH budget for women, the disabled and marginalized people including some of the country’s poorest, as a component in their annual budget.
3. During April 2019, a public toilet, a drainage system and a tube well were constructed at a local market (Bankerhut) area in Veduria Union in Bhola. This was completed by the Union Parishad in conjunction with the local government support program (LGSP) fund.

4. On 23 July a tube well was installed by the DPHE at Bapta Union for Jugi people funded by the Union Parishad.

5. Between 20th-31st May 2019, 3 union Parishads (Uttar Dighaldi, Velumia and Char Samayia) in BholaSadarUpazila incorporated WASH-IWRM component in their annual budget through open budget sessions.

Workshop on WASH and IWRM with CSO at BholaSadarUpazila

Excluded people have received a tube well from Union Parishad
RiTU Project

At a Glance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area/ Location</th>
<th>8 Upazilas of Netrakona District: Sadar Upazilas, Atpara, Kalmakanda, Kendua, Khaliajuri, Madan, Mohonganj and Purbodhala.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>September 2016 to March 2020.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Beneficiaries</td>
<td>23155 girls of 89 schools</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective of the Project</td>
<td>a) Establishment of MHM friendly toilet for the girl students of the targeted schools.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Raising of awareness among the students, teachers &amp; guardians about MHM (Menstrual Hygiene Management).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Assignment/Activities of DORP

DORPs tasks in the project is improving WASH facilities for girls at schools and homes for which DORP is doing lobbying and advocacy with various Government Agencies to realize necessity of menstrual health management friendly toilets through resource tapping from Union Parishad, Upazila Parishad, DPHE and Zila Parishad. DORP is doing:

1. Follow up meeting with upazila WASH stakeholders to deepen MHM knowledge and develop action plan.
2. Round table meeting with national stakeholders.
3. Regular follow up meeting with Ritu students Forums.
4. Ensure realization of necessity of toilet at school and community.
5. Meeting with Gob officials, and other relevant stakeholders to advocate for increased allocation of budget to WASH facilities in schools/community,
6. Bi-monthly sharing meetings with Schools Management Committee (SMC),
7. Activating Union Education, Health & Family Planning Standing Committee for budget allocation for school WASH facilities,
8. Budget tracking from UP, DPHE and UpazilaParishad,
9. Monthly Parents Group meeting,
10. Follow-up meeting with District Education Officer for implementation of the Government Circular on MHM friendly toilets in schools.
### At a Glance

**Area/Location**: Morrelganj Upazila of Bagerhat and Paikgacha & Koyra Upazila of Khulna district.

**Duration**: January 2019 to December 2019.

**Total beneficiaries**: 50,000

**Objective of the Project**: The PaniiJibon - Water is Life project is “to build resilience and reduce well-being loss of climate change affected disadvantaged communities, and particularly vulnerable women and youth, in the disaster-prone areas of South West Bangladesh”.

The project is using response strategies which address interrelated four entry points: water access, food security, migration and livelihoods, and governance.

### Assignment Activities of DORP

DORP is responsible to reach disadvantaged communities, and particularly the women, through WASH services, improved WASH governance to increase year-round access to and use of safe drinking water, sanitation facilities and hygiene practices. Main Activities are:

- a) WASH Budget Monitoring Club meeting
- b) Pre budget at Union Level
- c) Pre Budget at National level: Budget perspective
- d) Open Budge and Wall painting at Union Level
- e) PSF renovation
- f) Rain Water Harvesting tanks
- g) Advocacy meeting
- h) Mother’s Parliament
- i) Health Village Group meeting

Project facilitated 130 Health Village Groups (HVGs), 3 Mothers Parliaments and 3 WASH Budget monitoring Clubs. These community based pressure groups are fundamental to the success and sustainability of the project and implementing WASH activities. These community representatives have engaged and are actively influencing local government institutions for improved WASH services.

### Progress Achieved

- a) Total of 39135 people has made use of newly built and rehabilitated water facilities for safe drinking water.
- b) 15,465 people have used improved sanitation facilities and hygiene practices.
- c) Union WASH budget in project area have been increased significantly by 125 percent.
- d) The community water supply infrastructure constructed or rehabilitated on a subsidy basis by project has been found 100 percent functional.
Integrity In School WASH: A Reality Check Assessment

At a Glance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area/ Location</th>
<th>Two Upazilas, Ramgati under Laxmipur district and Bhola sadar under Bhola district. Working with 30 secondary schools (15 in each upazila).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>November 2017 to December 2018, Extended upto December 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total beneficiaries</td>
<td>Total students, teachers, parents, SMC members, CSO members and local influential persons.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective of the project</td>
<td>Improved WASH status for School students.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Assignment/Activities of DORP

a. Customization of adapted AWIS (Annotation water Integrity Scan) for School WASH to the local context
b. Orientation of field level partners on tool
c. Undertake participatory assessment in all selected schools to establish the overview of integrity in School WASH programs.
d. Undertake FGDs in selected schools
e. Multi stakeholder consultation meetings/ Public Hearing
f. Country level advocacy workshop to share findings of the assessment process and stimulate the discussion on identifying the interventions.
g. Documentation of the project activates including program decisions case studies

Progress Achieved

All of the planned activities have been accomplished as per the project Work schedule.

a) Selection of schools by the skockhome Unicercity through RCT team.
b) AWIS workshop completed in 30 selected schools.
c) Wall writing of WASH concerned circular of Ministry of Education is completed.
WASH SDG Programme

At a Glance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area/ Location</th>
<th>Barguna 3 unions of sadarupazila and 2 Municipalities (Amtali &amp; Patharghata).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>From July 2018 to June 2020 (1st phase)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total beneficiaries</td>
<td>79,584</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective of the project</td>
<td>a) Improved private sector sustainable &amp; Equitable WASH service delivery.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) To ensure water, sanitation and hygiene improvements of 79584 populations of coastal areas of Bangladesh.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Considering the SDG Goal No-6- to ensure safe water, safe sanitation and hygiene for 79584 populations for the 2 years of the project period. Under the 4 strategic objectives project facilitated mainly budget tracking process which allocated separate budget for improving WASH situation at 3 unions in an average of FY 2019-2020 47%, and 2 Municipalities increase budget for FY 2019-2020 56%. WASH SDG Nagaric Committee (Community representative) have engaged and influencing local government institutions for improving WASH services. According to these, the progress based on monitoring findings up to October, 2019, 12301 populations using safe water, 3500 population maintain safe sanitation and 4800 population practicing hygiene.

Assignment/Activities of DORP

a) Capacity building of local government service providers and CSOs,
b) Pre and open budget at unions & Municipalities level & wall writing,
c) PSF renovation and pipe line set up,
d) Advocacy meetings with service providers for improve WASH facilities for excluded group,
e) MHM friendly toilet establishment at school level,
f) Entrepreneurs development from excluded population.
Chapter 3: Economic Program

The Enrich (Shamriddhi) Program

At a Glance

Area/ Location : Razapur Union Under Belkuchi Upazila of Sirajgonj District.
Duration : September 2014 and will continue.
Implementing Agency : DORP

Objective of the Program:

a) Attain total development of each households as well as the whole community participating in Enrich.

b) Empower the poor households so that they can pursue a pathway that would lead them towards the goat of human freedom and dignity.

c) Ensure freedom from all Un-freedom and human dignity for all members of all households under Enrich.

d) Enrich access of all participants in Enrich to all capacity enhancing activities such education, skill training and health services, essential institutional facilities, appropriate information, appropriate technologies and so on.

Assignment/Activities of DORP

a) Health program
b) Social development work, like ring culverts, bamboo or wooden shacco.
c) Beggar rehabilitation
d) Free sanitation materials
e) Enrich center house for social development and union ward coordination meeting.
f) Providing tub-well and latrine in religious and social institutes.
g) Vermicompost plant.
h) Pre and primary school for non-school children.
i) Guardian meetings.
j) Sports and cultural program.
k) Income generating and livelihood, arrangement of loan.

Progress Achieved

The program has increased the awareness among the community people on health and education issues. Taking care of health is increasing day by day through operation of satellite and daily static clinics, reduced drop out of school students, especially in the first second classes, They are attending classes regularly. Their results are also improving. Increased access and use of safe drinking water and improved sanitation system through establishing toilet and tube-well at mosques for community people. Communication facility has been developed through establishing Sacco & culverts at Razapur Union.
Vulnerable Group Development Program-VGD

At a Glance

Area/ Location : Laxmipur Sadar & Raipur of Laksmipur district and Parsuram of Feni District.

Duration : 1st July 2019 to 31 December 2020 Affairs.

Total Beneficiaries : 2763

Objective of the Project : a) Improving the income earning capacity of VGD women.
                           b) Socially empowering them through training.
                           c) Compulsory savings for making own capital.

Assignment/Activities of DORP

a) Support services to the ultra-poor beneficiaries

b) Facilitate receiving monthly food ration

c) Conducting life skill & IGA training: Subjects; a) Entrepreneurship Development, b) Goat and Cow Rearing, c) Vegetable Gardening, d) Poultry Rearing.

d) Collection & management of savings. A VGD beneficiary’s compulsory savings per month is minimum TK.200. DORP Facilitators collect savings; give entry in the group ledger book and deposits to the bank (Sonali& NCC Bank) account. The account is operated jointly by UpazilaNirbahi Officer and Upazila Women Affairs Officer.

e) Access to credit (if needed)

f) VGD Women Groups are formed for facilitating their total development. The average group size consists of 25-30 members. Total group-74.

Progress Achieved:

DORP aims to improve the socio-economic status of VGD women. On that context working is for raising awareness, imparting training on various income generating activities (IGAs), management of their savings and coordination of social mobilization activities.
Maternity Allowance Centered ‘SAPNA Package’ for Poverty Alleviation

SAPNA is an integrated social safety net model based on five pillars. I. Health Nutrition and Birth Control, II. Education & Culture, III. Housing, Water & Sanitation, IV. Livelihood employment, V. Savings, Income Credit, for the Maternity Allowance recipient mothers. It is a long term plan of a generation of 20 years to eliminate poverty from the country.

Maternity Allowance was first started in 2005 by DORP. Over the years it achieved significant success and the project was upgraded to SAPNA Package, centering mothers. From December 2010 to September 2012 the package was funded by AECID (Spanish Agency of International Cooperation Development) and Implemented by DORP.

Impact

The impact of the SAPNA project in the families was like these:
- Safe Housing and sanitation
- Increased income
- Self dependent
- Marriage registration
- Planned Family (No families had more than 2 children)
- Improved social status
- Preference of mother’s decision
- Free from poverty
- Use of Education and Culture card and Health, Nutrition & Family Planning card are in practice.
- No Autistic child was born.
- No divorce took place.
- On the other hand breastfeeding was ensured for every child, early marriage protected, birth registration was ensured and Change in scenario of Empowerment of Women.

Government Budget

From July 2014 Bangladesh Government took over the renitence based successful SAPNA project modeled by DORP. Ministry of Women and Child Affairs is the implementing ministry. The overall objective is to alleviate poverty from the country centering poor mothers, as mothers are the core and bottom line of development. All these points are covered in running SAPNA package. The SAPNA is a social investment by the Government.

Government of Bangladesh has invested 5.50 core Taka for the fiscal years 2014-2015, 2015-2016 and 2016-2017 in 10 Upazilas of 7 divisions of the country, where DORP was working in supportive & coordinating role.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>Upazila</th>
<th>Union</th>
<th>Number of Beneficiaries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dhaka</td>
<td>Gopalganj</td>
<td>Tongipara</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gazipur</td>
<td>Kaligonj</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chittagong</td>
<td>Noakhali</td>
<td>Chatkhil</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Laksipur</td>
<td>Ramgoti</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rajshahi</td>
<td>Natore</td>
<td>Singra</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nagoan</td>
<td>Badalgachi</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sylhet</td>
<td>Moulavibazar</td>
<td>Srimongol</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khulna</td>
<td>Meherpur</td>
<td>Mujibnagar</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barisal</td>
<td>Bhola</td>
<td>Daulatkhan</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rangpur</td>
<td>Kurigram</td>
<td>Ulipur</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total = 07</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The project duration was extended for 1 year i.e. for 2016-2017 on no-cost basis which ended in June 2017. Directorate of Women Affairs implemented the Project. DORP worked as the helping organization. DORP employed 10 Upazila Coordinators and 30 Union Facilitators to work as facilitator & coordinating body. They collect information of the Maternity Allowance recipient mothers & help concerned officials to select eligible SAPNA mothers. They arranged yearlong programs like:
1. Service provider orientation.
2. Monthly Coordination Meeting.
3. Uthan (Courtyard) training of the mothers.
4. Couple’s Education Session.
5. Ensure handing over & proper utilization of SAPNA package resources and materials.
6. Monitoring the activities and progress of the mothers & their families.

**Training:** Uthan training was the main key to the beneficiary mothers. It was held in one of the Mothers house in every Union twice in a month. That focused on total development of the family, increase income through planting vegetable around the house or planting fruit trees, fish culture, rearing poultry & livestock or becoming a small entrepreneur. Training & practice on savings, use of Health & birth control card and Education & Entertainment card are the priority.

**Progress:** In 2014-2015, 2015-2016 and 2016-2017 total 700 mothers were given house with a latrine and fund/resource for employment and livelihood restoration. Handing over of Health, nutrition & family planning card, Education & culture card among the SAPNA families have been completed.

**Mother’s Parliament:** Mother’s Parliament is the platform presented by DORP. Participants of the parliament are the maternity allowance & SAPNA recipient mothers. They form a Parliament where Speaker, Deputy-Speaker is selected through voting. Mother’s Parliament has a direct attachment with local Government representatives & officials where they can raise their voice to get ensured their rights from the Government’s end.

**Now DORP’s Role:** DORP workers as they are of that area are giving voluntary services for SAPNA mothers. They are visiting mother’s houses, giving them advice and helping them in development of their families.

**Achievement:** The SAPNA is the dream of the mothers and their families to give them a new life & strength. Evidences depict the picture as wonderful achievement. By the next 20 years, the nation hoped to get a new generation which will be free from poverty and all evils through SAPNA package.
DORP Annual Report 2019

‘SAPNA Ma Sera Dosh’
Competition Program

DORP, as part of its follow-up activities, arranged a competition program for the SAPNA mothers titled ‘SAPNA Ma Sera Dosh’ on 2 November’19 at BRAC Centre Inn, Mohakhali, Dhaka. 12 mothers, selected by committees at Upazila level, attended the competition program. Minister for Planning M A Mannan was the Chief Guest, while AKM Shahjahan Kamal, MP & Ex-Minister, Dr. Md. AbdusShahid, MP & Ex-Chief Whip were the Special Guests.

AHM Nouman Founder & Chief Executive of DORP activities Presented DORP in power point.

The competitors were adjudged by a Jury Board comprising of Rasheda K. Chowdhury, Farida Yasmin of National Press Club and Ilias Kanchan, Nirapad Sarak Chai. In the program the mothers presented a Mothers Parliament session where the subject of discussion was SAPNA Package program. On the basis of their presentation in the Parliament & Question answers the Jury Board selected Eti Akter of Kaligonj as the First crown winner, while the second & third crown winners were Fatema Akter, Laksmipur Sadar and Razia Begum, Ramgati, Speaker of the Mothers Parliament Nandita Rani Mandal Tungipara, Gopalgonj received Special crown. Dr. KaziKholiquzzaman, Chairman, PKSF, adorned the winner mothers with crown.

Prof. Dr. Abdul Mannan Chowdhury, Vice Chancellor, World University of Bangladesh opened the signature campaign for the SAPNA package program.

The good will Ambassador of DORP SAPNA Ma Foundation Mis Shwaeta Varpe was present at the program and exhibited Yoga on Mind Body Fitness. She also encouraged & exchanged views and performed with the SAPNA Mothers.

It was a nice occasion for SAPNA Ma Mothers Parliament members of meeting with the members of Bangladesh Parliament.

The theme of the program was ‘SAPNA Ma Swapner Desh, Agami Prithibir Bangladesh.’

A quality multi-color Souvenir was published on the occasion.

This program supported by BRAC, Buro Bangladesh, Uddipan, FNB and CCN. About 200 guests Government Officials, Development workers, Educationists, Media and representatives of different sections of civil society were present.
Micro Finance Program

At a Glance

Area/ Location: Sirajgonj, Tangail, Kishorgonj, Chittagong & Barguna district.
Duration: From 1994 & Continuing.
Total Beneficiaries: Number of Member 12326, Number of Borrower 9045
Objective of MF Program: To promote financial independence among the poors. DORP encourages all borrowers to become savers, so that their local capital can be converted to new loans to others.

Organizational Information: Up to June-2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SL NO</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Ratio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>Number of branches</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td>Number of Credit Officers</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td>Number of members</td>
<td>12326</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td>Number of Borrowers</td>
<td>9045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05</td>
<td>Loan outstanding</td>
<td>168168954</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06</td>
<td>Average member per CO</td>
<td>256</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07</td>
<td>Average borrower per CO</td>
<td>185</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>08</td>
<td>Average loan outstanding per CO</td>
<td>3432019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>09</td>
<td>Average loan outstanding per branch</td>
<td>11211263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Loan disbursement in 2018-2019</td>
<td>306891000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>On Time Realization (OTR)</td>
<td>96.71%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Cumulative Realization rate (CRR)</td>
<td>98.55%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Surplus/Reserve</td>
<td>21088615</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Target Plan for the year 2019-2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl No.</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Present</th>
<th>Target 2019-2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Branch office</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Member Admission</td>
<td>12326</td>
<td>16302</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Borrowers increase</td>
<td>9045</td>
<td>14511</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Loan Disbursement</td>
<td>2251623663 (Cumulative)</td>
<td>2651623663 (cumulative)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Portfolio Outstanding</td>
<td>168168954</td>
<td>190254978</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Liabilities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PKSF Loan</td>
<td>44325000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meghna Bank</td>
<td>32915790</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangladesh Bank</td>
<td>924000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Bank</strong></td>
<td>81164790</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDCF</td>
<td>2194420</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loan From PBRLP</td>
<td>5500000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Savings</td>
<td>55307682</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grand Total Liability</strong></td>
<td>144166892</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Assets**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bank Wise FDR</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard Bank</td>
<td>3163835</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exim Bank</td>
<td>85257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meghna Bank</td>
<td>3970523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mideland Bank</td>
<td>1540737</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Bank</strong></td>
<td>8760352</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loan Outstanding to Members</td>
<td>168168954</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grand Total Assets</strong></td>
<td>176929306</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Difference between Assets & Liability = 32762414**
Padma Bridge Rail Link Project (PBRLP), phase-I

At a Glance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area/ Location</th>
<th>06 Distracts, (Dhaka, Narayanganj, Munshiganj, Shariatpur, Madaripur &amp; Faridpur), 27 Unions, 08 Upazilas, Total 82.35 km</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>54 Months, February 2017 to July 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementing Agency</td>
<td>Construction- Supervision Consultant (CSC), Cell Corps of Engineers, Bangladesh Army in Association with BRTC, BUET, Bangladesh Railway Govt. of the People’s Republic of Bangladesh.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Beneficiaries</td>
<td>7705 (Titled-6522 and Non- Titled-1183)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective of the Project</td>
<td>a) Assist CSC BR in implementing the Resettlement Action Plan of the Project.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Assist the project Affected Person (AP) in getting compensation and project grant.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Assignment/Activities of DORP:

- Distributed Information Brochure,
- Explained Entitlements to the EPs, through personal & Group Meeting;
- Identified Titled & Non-titled Affected Persons (APs);
- Preparation of ID Cards for Eligible Affected Persons,
- Assisted APs in the Process of Resettlement,
- Ensured Receipt of the Acquisition Notices,
- Informed the EPs about Legal Documents for claiming CCL,
- Determining Individual Shares, Assisted APs in receiving Grants/Additional Grants,
- Pursued DCs for Expediting LA Process,
- Computerized all Survey Data, Entitlement Calculation,
- Computerized Resettlement Data & Hard Data Management,
- Prepared and updating of databases,
- Prepared of EP & EC Files.

Progress Achieved

a) Information Campaign:
   1) One to one with EPs & their families-29310,
   2) Tea stalls meeting-1329,
   3) Yard meeting-1200,
4) Public announcement (hours) -400,
5) Information booklets distribution -11077,
6) Information leaflets distribution -19751,
7) SES data Collection:
   1) Titled-6552,
   2) Non-Titled-1887,
8) File Preparation (Hard Copy):
   1) Titled -4476,
   2) Non-Titled -650,
9) Four committee’s meeting:
   1) JVC-79
   2) GRC-5
   3) PVAC-11
   4) 4.RAC-
b) EP card approved & distribution:
   1) Titled- 2685 & 2854
   2) Non-Titled-485 & 485
c) Total estimate EPs:
   1) Titled 2683,
   2) Non-Titled 483,
d) EP EC payment Voucher:
   1) Titled-2031
   2) Non-Titled-784
e) Cheque hand over to EPs (No.):
   1) Titled-2638
   2) Non-Titled-483
f) Cheque hand over to EPs: (TK)
   1) Titled-809,548,080.44
   2) Non-Titled-2,88,02,699.00
## Dhaka Environmentally Sustainable Water Supply Project (DESWSP)

### At a Glance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Area/Location</strong></th>
<th>Narayangonj&amp; Dhaka District, Upazila-03, Pauroshava-01, Union-14, Ward-05.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Duration</strong></td>
<td>From 1st March 2015 to June 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Implementing Agency</strong></td>
<td>Dhaka Water Supply and Sewerage Authority (DWASA), Ministry of Local Government.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total beneficiaries</strong></td>
<td>5342 (Titled and Non- Titled APs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Objective of the Project</strong></td>
<td>a) Assist WASA in Implementing the Resettlement Action Plan of the Project.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Assist the project Affected persons (AP) in getting compensation and project grant.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Assignment/Activities of DORP

- Conducted SES;
- Conducted different meetings with primary and secondary level stakeholders;
- Preparation and updating of RP;
- Assisted APs in preparing payment related papers (both for CCL and Additional);
- Arranged and conducted Livelihood training under ILRP program;
- Ensuring through follow up monitoring, in involving the vulnerable to IGA activities;
- Prepared and submitted different routine reports to PMU, MDSC, EMA and ADB;
- Submitted different designed formats required by MDSC regularly;

### Progress Achieved

- SES Completed
- Payment of project benefit almost 50% is completed.
- Out of six four RAP finalized and approved.
Bangladesh Singapore 700 MW
Coal Fired Power Plant

At a Glance
Area/ Location: Matarbari Union of Maheshkhali Upazilla under Cox’s Bazar district.
Duration: December 2017 to May 2019 and extended upto May 2020
Total Beneficiaries: 4000 (Titled and Non Titled)
Objective of the Project:
- a) Preparation of Resettlement Action Plan of the project.
- b) Assisting Coal Power Generation Company in implementation of Resettlement Action Plan of the project,
- c) Assisting project affected persons in getting compensation & top-up grant.

Assignment/ Activities of DORP
a) Identification of project ROW
b) Video Filming of project site
c) Training on Resettlement for CPGCBL & DORP personnel
d) Identification of Project Affected Persons
e) Rapport building with concerned stakeholders
f) Information Campaign:
   i) Personal contact
   ii) Community Meeting
   iii) Consultation Meeting with Stakeholders
   iv) Focus Group Discussion
   v) Preparation & distribution of leaflet & Brochure
g) Collection of Records, Award Book and right of ownership
h) Assist PAPs in getting CCL from DC Office
i) Profiling of PAHs/PAPs
j) Census & IOL Survey/SES
k) Generation of data base in MIS
m) Preparation of EP-ID card  
n) Preparation of Livelihood and Income Loss Restoration Plan  
o) Preparation of Final Resettlement Action Plan  
p) Assist CPGCBL in PVAC & JVT Meeting as Member Secretary  
q) Assist CPGCBL in GRC Meeting as Member Secretary  
r) Calculation of resettlement benefit as per EM  
s) Assist CPGCBL in payment of resettlement benefit  
t) Reporting-Inception, monthly & quarterly.  

**Progress Achieved**  
a. Completion of socio-economic survey of 2200 affected households,  
b. Completion of database of 400 wage labourer.  
c. Completing Current market price survey of affected land, structure, trees and others.  
d. Estimation of compensation for affected properties.
Chattogram-Feni-Bakhrabad Gas Transmission Parallel Pipeline Project (CFBGTPPPP)

At a Glance

Area/Location: From Foujdarhat Chattogram to Bakhrabad (Cumilla), 181 kilometer

Duration: December 2017 to June 2020 (Extended from June 2019 to June 2020)

Implementing Agency: Asian Development Bank (ADB) and Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB)

Total beneficiaries: 3411 (Titled and Non-Titled APs)

Objective of the Project: To establish a sustainable gas transmission pipelines to transport LPG gas from Chattogram to Bakhrabad for transmitting the gas to the national gas grid.

Assignment/Activities of DORP

a. Assist DC office in Land Acquisition (LA) process;

b. Conduct Socio-Economic Survey (SES), collect Award Book, prepare Inventory of losses (IoL);

c. Assist in formation of PVAC, JVT and GRC Committees and conduction of meeting;

d. Conduct Information Campaign through distribution of leaflets, personal contact, rapport building, public announcement, distribution of brochure etc.

e. Conduct Community Meeting, Consultation Meeting, Focus Group Discussion;

f. Collect Current Market Value (CMV), DC Office rate, rate from other authenticated sources for fixing the actual value of the property;

g. Updating RAP considering the data/information of SES;

h. Preparation of budget for RAP updating;

i. Identification of the Project EPs and APs, prepare ID cards and process for payment

j. Support in the compensation distribution process;

k. Conducting Resettlement activities, data management and monitoring;

l. Assist Displaced People (DP) to find out alternative places for shifting if needed;

m. Conducting Livelihood Improvement ILRP Training Program.

Progress Achieved:

a. Conducted personal contact, Community Meeting, Consultation Meeting, Rapport Building and distributed leaflets among the beneficiaries;

b. Assisted DC Office and GTCL authority for Joint Verification and video filming;

c. Distributed the letters for forming the PVAC, JVT and GRC, collected the nominees list,
compiled and submitted to GTCL;
d. Collected Current Market Value, Sub Register land value, DC Office value (Mouza wise)
e. Conducted Socio-Economic Survey and completed the data entry;
f. Assisted in preparing the field book, different kind of forms and notices;
g. Prepared budget for DPP and submitted to GTCL;
h. Conducted Focus Group Discussion for RAP updating;
i. Updating of RAP is going on.
j. Assisted EP for getting payment from DC office
k. Assisted EP for getting project benefit.
Dohazari-Cox’s Bazar Railway Track Construction Project (DCRTTCP)

At a Glance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area/ Location</th>
<th>Chittagong &amp; Cox’s Bazar District (6 Upazila &amp; 32 union &amp; Pourosava)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>8th February 2017 to 7th June 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementing Agency</td>
<td>Bangladesh Railway, Govt, of the People’s Republic of Bangladesh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Beneficiaries</td>
<td>13450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective of the Project</td>
<td>a) Assist BR in implementation of Resettlement Action Plan of the Project.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Assist the project Affected person (AP) in getting compensation and project grant.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Assignment/Activities of DORP- Parthmark:

- Identifying, informing and mobilizing Affected Persons (APs)
- Conduct census & IOL and support Various Committees;
- Assist in Land Acquisition Process;
- Organize information campaign and community participation;
- Ensure eligible APs receive their respective entitlement;
- Coordinate Civil Society, BR, DCs & other stakeholders to discuss progress and constraints during RP implementation;
- Implementation of RP by consulting with PVAC, GRC and JVC members.
- Data Entry in CMIS;
- Conduct/Liaison HIV/AIDS and Anti-Trafficking Awareness Campaigns;
- Support in implementation of gender-related activities;
- Support the implementation of railway safety awareness campaigns to the communities

Progress Achieved:

a. 985 (Non Titled) Inventory of Losses (IOL) Survey completed.
b. 6085 (Titled) Inventory of Losses (IOL) Survey completed.
c. 199 Focus Group Discussion (FGD) conducted.
d. 32 Consultation Meeting conducted.
e. Complete 21 Awareness session.
f. Conducted 14 PVAC Meeting & Coordination
g. 18 JVC Meeting completed.
h. Conducted 15 GRC Meeting to resolve dispute.
i. 866 (Non-Title) EP Id Card Distributed.
j. 1021 (Title) EP Id Card Distributed

k. 755 (Non titled EPs) Resettlement Benefit Distributed.
l. 146 (Titled EPs) Resettlement Benefit Distributed.
m. 6235 CCL Payment completed from DC Office.

Railway Minister Md. Nurul Islam Sujon field visit
Design, Construction, Supervision & Resettlement Plan Implementation of the Payra Sea Port Project

At a Glance

Area/Location : Kalapara Upazila, Patuakhali
Duration : May 2018 to May 2020, 25 Months.
Implementing Agency : Payra Port Authority, Ministry of Port & Shipping.
Total beneficiaries : 4200 (Titled and Non-Titled APs)
Objective of the Project : Rehabilitation of 4200 Project Affected Persons in newly constructed buildings (dwelling houses).

Assignment/Activities of DORP
a) Supervision of sites development work for Resettlement of the Affected Persons,
b) Preparation of Design Master plan and individual houses.
c) Supervision of building and other construction works.
d) Handover the houses to the Affected Persons.

Progress Achieved (Completed)
1. Preparation of detail Design & Master Plan and individual houses.
2. Socio Economic Survey (SES) and Identification of the Affected Persons.
3. Preparation of AP file;
4. Preparation of rules and regulation for resettlement.

Ongoing
1. Supervising construction of building and other development works.
2. Listing APs for allocating houses
Income and Livelihoods Restoration Training Program, Payra Sea Port Project

At a Glance

Area/Location : Kalapara Upazila, Patuakhali
Duration : August 2018 to April'2020
Implementing Agency : Payra Port Authority under the Ministry of Port & Shipping
Total beneficiaries : 4200 (Titled and Non- Titled APs)
Objective of the Project : Conducting training for livelihood restoration & income generation of the project affected people of Payra port.

Assignment/Activities of DORP

1. Identifying trainees for different trades through training need assessment.
2. Design and develop training module for income generating trades.
3. Develop, update and maintain training materials for the courses
4. Conducting income generation related training programs to diverse group with efficient trainers.
5. Identifying emerging requirements of training for mainstreaming the beneficiaries
6. Preparation of reports on the training courses and evaluation and guide the management to improve the training programs
8. Assisting beneficiaries to start small business/firm

Training class
**Progress Achieved**

DORP has organized 46 batch of Income and livelihood restoration training program at Kolapara, Potuakhali. During training period DORP resource persons and Govt. Officials conducted those courses. Trades are Basic Computer, Driving, Mason, Cow rearing, Fish culture, Poultry rearing etc. Duration of training courses are 6 months, 3months, 1 month and 3 weeks. Total 1134 affected persons have received training.
Bangladesh Institute of Resettlement Development and Rights (BIRDR)

BIRDR is a training institute supported by DORP. It arranges technical and specialized training on Resettlement and Development. It aims at development of human resources.

Objective:

a) Develop efficient and knowledgeable work force in the field.
b) Increase knowledge and skill of trainees.
c) Create job opportunity for the trainees in future.

The topics of the training course:

a) Evolution of Resettlement Development in Bangladesh
c) Human Resource Management and Planning
d) Human Rights

c) Livelihood & Development:

a) Income Livelihood Restoration
b) Identification of Livelihood Activities
c) Implementation of training program
d) Trade wise Group Formation
e) Social Development, ways & paths.
f) Public Health
g) Gender/Women in Development

Activities in this year:

a) BIRDR arranged 5 days (25-29 May, 2017) TOT (Training of Trainer), training for PADMA BRIDGE RAIL LINGK Project staffs (15 person).
b) Prepared Planning for Training of AP’s on ILRP of PADMA BRIDGE RAIL LINGK Project & Resettlement Plan Implementation of the Payra Sea Port project’s AP’s on ILRP.
c) Prepares 7 training modules on Different Income Generating Activities (IGA) issues.

The training modules are

I. Cow and Goat rearing
II. Poultry rearing
III. Fish culture in pond
IV. Vegetable Gardening
V. Tailoring
VI. Seasonal crops
VII. Small business

The vulnerable APs of different Resettlement projects will get training on these modules.

Conclusion

BIRDR a work oriented training institute will continue to conduct training courses for the resettlement & development workers, which is an important issue of time.
Chapter 6: Education Program

Unique Intervention for Quality Primary Education- UNIQUE-II

At a Glance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area/ Location</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Total Beneficiaries</th>
<th>Objective of the Project</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Bhola District. 4 Upazila (1) Daulatkhan, (2) Lalmohon, (3) Borhanuddin, (4) Tajumuddin | a. 1st January 2012 to 30 September 2018, b. Extended Mainstreaming November 2018- February 2019 | Enrollment-8834, Mainstreaming-5383 Students | a) Organizing Children Learning Centre (CLC)  
  b) Ensure education of target group children.  
  c) Disaster preparedness for uninterrupted children education  
  d) Collaboration between formal and non-formal primary education  
  e) Mainstreaming the students in primary & high schools. |

Assignment/Activities of DORP:

a) Running of learning centers.
b) Replication of Multi-Grade Teaching-Learning approach
c) Promoting pro-active roles of local government
d) Sharing lessons among primary education actors for cross learning
e) Capacity building and interaction of the communities (CMC, SMC, parents, local government & other stakeholders)
f) Orientation on role and responsibilities for CLC management, resource mobilization, participatory monitoring.
g) Discussion on development issues like birth registration, early marriage, tree plantation, use of safe water, education, DRR and IGAs through routine meetings, with the parents Exposure visits and Stakeholders meeting.

Progress Achieved:

a. Established 130 CLC (School)  
b. 13 LRC formed  
c. Formed 130 CLC committees  
d. Mainstreamed 5383 students.
e. Could handover all 130 CLC’s to its Management Committees.

DORP’s Established Schools:

a) Charfassion- Hazarigonj Coastal DORP Govt. Primary School.  
b) Ramgati Noumanabad-Madha Char Kalacopa Doctorpara Noumanabad Govt. Primary School.  
c) Mahendigonj- East Badarpur Govt. Primary School.  
d) Laxmipur- Matri Bondhu Nouman Academy, Bhabaniganj (DORP running the school by its own fund).

DORP Annual Report 2019
At a Glance

Area/ Location : BholaSador, Bhola
Duration : From June 2017 to December 2019
Total Beneficiaries : 65 Disabled children of Bhola
Objective of the Project : Providing education & training to disabled children of Bhola.

Assignment/Activities of DORP

DORP providing consultancy, ensures program financial monitoring and overall management.

Activities of the project

a) Ensure education to the disabled children from Bhola district;
b) Ensure a safe and secured residence that is called Home;
c) Searching students individual potentialities and culture to develop those;
d) Provide skill development training;
e) Ensure all sorts of supports to those children to grow up enjoying all human rights.

Progress Achieved

Activities are going on smoothly as per project plan. Number of children is increasing and now 65 students are in the school.
Chapter 7: Admin and Finance

Administration, HR & Training

DORP is working in development field for last 32 years. Dynamic leadership & commitment of the staff are the main strength of the organization. The deep-rooted vision of the organization is poverty alleviation and total development of the poor & women folk. Among others Administration, Human Resource & Training are three important areas of DORP.

Administration

Administration department plays a vital role in running an organization with its rules, regulations & discipline. The department administers day to day actions, addresses problems and ensures discipline & effective management in all fields.

General Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a) Working area</th>
<th>District 27, Upazila 74</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>b) No. of Projects under implementation</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d) Total working staff</td>
<td>445, Male-340, Femail-105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e) Total No. Office</td>
<td>Central-1 Field 42=43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f) General Body Meeting 2019</td>
<td>01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g) EC meeting held in 2019</td>
<td>06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h) Senior Management Team Meeting 2019</td>
<td>03</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A Senior Management Team works with CEO & MS as Team Leader. Deputy Executive Director is in second tier. Other members are: a. Director F&A, b. Director RPM, c. Director, R&P d. Director MF. The team is the main staff body for policy framing, running management and implementation of the project activities.

Human Resource

Human-resources are the people who make up the workforce of an organization. The human-resources department (HR department) of an organization deals with human resource management, overseeing various aspects of recruitment employment, development of standard, administration of employees benefits and other aspects. In DORP Human Resource Development is a vital agenda as it focuses on the performance of staff within the organization. This process involves Human Resource Planning, Recruitment, Orientation, Training, Performance appraisal, Communication, Compensation & Safety. DORP has its own Human Resource Manual and Action Plan for effective management of its staff.

Training

Training is an important factor for development of staff. DORP regularly conducts training & orientation for the newly recruited staff and working staff on requirement basis.
## Financial Turnover at Source

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Years</th>
<th>Annual Turn Over (In Taka &amp; US dollar)</th>
<th>Major Sources of Funding</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>Tk. 15.58,03,171</td>
<td>GoB, PKSF, PLCEHD-ADB, WEMOS, AECID, SIMAVI, AGRI-FOOD EU, DAM-EU, Bangladesh Railway, USAID, Save the Children, GTCL-WB, CORDAID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>Tk. 15.41,36,883</td>
<td>GoB, PKSF, PLCEHD-ADB, WEMOS, AECID, SIMAVI, AGRI-FOOD EU, DAM-EU, Bangladesh Railway, USAID, Save the Children, GTCL-WB, CORDAID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>Tk. 16.34,32,488</td>
<td>GoB, PKSF, ADB, WEMOS, AECID, UNICEF, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, EU, WB, Bangladesh Railway, Save the Children, GTCL.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>Tk. 12.27,99,836</td>
<td>GoB, PKSF, ADB, WEMOS, AECID, UNICEF, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, EU, WB.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>Tk. 10.60,10,747</td>
<td>GoB, PKSF, ADB, WEMOS, AECID, UNICEF, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, EU, WB.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>Tk. 7.56,57,847</td>
<td>GoB, PKSF, ADB, WEMOS, AECID, IDRIF, UNICEF, Manusher Jonno, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, EU, WB. GoB,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>Tk. 6.50,07,844</td>
<td>PKSF, WFP, ADIP, CORDAID, WEMOS, HAP-UNICEF, SDF-WB, Manusher Jonno, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, SOCIAL WELFARE-UNDP, EU.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>Tk. 3.78,85,030</td>
<td>GoB, PKSF, JBRLP, ADIP, CORDAID, WEMOS, HAP-UNICEF, SDF-WB, Manusher Jonno, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, SOCIAL WELFARE-UNDP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>Tk. 4.23,89,689</td>
<td>GoB, PKSF, JBRLP, ADIP, CORDAID, WEMOS, HAP-UNICEF, SDF-WB, Manusher Jonno, SIMAVI, BWDB-ADB, SOCIAL WELFARE-UNDP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year</td>
<td>Amount (Taka)</td>
<td>Amount (US$)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>TK. 3,60,24,014</td>
<td>US$ 2,97,650.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>TK. 1,72,63,748</td>
<td>US$ 2,97,650.83</td>
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<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>TK. 2,73,27,961</td>
<td>GoB, JMBA-PKSF, JBRLP, ADIP, CORDAID, BKB, IFDC, WEMOS, SDF-WB.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>TK. 4,58,90,699.31</td>
<td>US$ 11,13,814</td>
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<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>TK. 5,55,87,380</td>
<td>US$ 11,11,747.6</td>
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<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>TK. 4,12,41,294</td>
<td>US$ 8,24,825.88</td>
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<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>TK. 1,64,72,433</td>
<td>US$ 329,448.6</td>
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<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>TK. 82,99,173.5</td>
<td>US$ 1,65,983.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994&amp;1995 (combined)</td>
<td>TK. 1,56,27,370</td>
<td>US$ 3,12,547.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1993</td>
<td>TK. 36,00,506</td>
<td>US$ 72,010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1991-92 (July91-June 92)</td>
<td>TK. 2,06,203</td>
<td>US$ 4,124.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Social Report 2019
Development Organization of the Rural Poor-DORP

How well people work together is a crucial factor in the success of any organization or group. When observing any group of people who work together, one can notice many social processes going on like communicating, influencing each other, cooperating with one another, competing, etc. DORP also check and observe the behaviours and communication of staffs and take necessary steps in line with policies and report.

To deal with any inappropriate behaviour as per code of conduct of DORP any reported case at first has to be investigated by a committee consists of male and female members approved by Chief Executive Officer of the organisation. On the basis of report of the committee steps like show cause, suspension, keep in special duty etc. are taken. In this case the person gets enough chance for his self-defence. Then as per clause 23 B. suspend immediately and after investigation report appropriate punishment in accordance with grievance is proposed executed may even be final termination.

As a development organization, DORP has mission and vision to work with and for the marginalized people in Bangladesh. In 2019 DORP has 445 employees and volunteers in 27 districts and implemented 15 projects. The volume of work was properly planned and achieved with efforts from staffs and partners. In this regard behavioural practices seen changes in communications, meetings, group works etc.

The “Gender Policy 2009” of DORP has been revised in 2018 and it becomes “Gender and Social Inclusion Policy”. The policy has been shared with employees of DORP in 2019 and guided to follow this in daily work which triggered to reducing gender disparity in all areas where DORP is working and environment of equity being established. A new toilet separated for women at central and field level and men are not going to these toilets intentionally. More women employee appointed at mid-level position and now the percentage is 36 in DORP.

The reports submitted to DORP by project offices found progressive behavioural changes among the staffs with few minor cases of conflict mainly disagreement in decision making. These cases were solved by the respective managers. Few verbal complains was reported in resettlement program for not giving time to address the queries of people which were also managed by the Deputy Team leaders at field. Communication among staffs while implementing project activities have been improved as observed by directors and the monthly reports also notified this issue. Bi-monthly coordination meeting has happened regularly where no issues on inappropriate behaviour raised as well as Gender Watch Committee has reported no harassment in the organisation.
Report on Audit

KAZI ZAHIR KHAN & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
কাজী জাহির খান এন্ড কোং
চার্টার্ড একাউন্টেন্ট্স

Independent Auditors' Report to the Executive Committee of
Development Organisation of the Rural Poor (DORP)
for the year ended 30 June, 2019

Report on the Financial Statements
We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of "Development Organisation of the Rural Poor (DORP)", which includes the Consolidated Statement of Financial Statement, Consolidated Statement of Income & Expenditure and Consolidated Statement of Receipts & Payments for the year ended 30 June, 2019 together with notes there to.

Management’s Responsibility for the Financial Statements
DORP’s Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and other applicable laws and regulations. The responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor’s Responsibility
Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Bangladesh Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors’ judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity’s internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion
In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly in all material respects, the Statement of Financial Position of the Organisation as at 30 June, 2019 and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Further to our opinion in the above paragraph, we state that:

i. we have obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit, and made due verification thereof;

ii. in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law were kept by the management so far as it appeared from our examination of those books;

iii. the Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Income & Expenditure and Statement of Receipts & Payments dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account; and

iv. in our opinion, the said financial statements, prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards, bear a correct reflection of the financial status of the Organisation at the date and of its operational results for the year ended on that date.

Dated: Dhaka
04 December, 2019

KAZI ZAHIR KHAN & CO.
Chartered Accountants.
Signed by:
Abdulla-Al-Mahmud FCA, FCMA, FCS, LL.B
Partner

Head Office: Shamsunnahar & Wazi Complex, 8th Floor, Suite-9B, 31/C/1, Topkhana Road, Segun Bhashichara, Dhaka-1000.
Tel: 57160824, Fax: +880-2-57160823, e-mail: kzkc_bd@yahoo.com
Branch Office: 281/3, Jafraab (Sankor), Ground Floor, West Dhanmondi, Dhaka-1207. Tel: 9124642, e-mail: mahmudkzkb@gmail.com
Development Organisation of the Rural Poor (DORP)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
as at 30 June, 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>Schedules</th>
<th>30-06-2019</th>
<th>30-06-2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Property &amp; Assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed Assets</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>44,013,888</td>
<td>45,632,974</td>
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<tr>
<td>Revolving Credit</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>175,002,213</td>
<td>183,952,473</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advances against Salary</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>500,330</td>
<td>341,655</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staff Loan (Motor Cycle &amp; Bi-Cycle)</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>527,729</td>
<td>690,685</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash &amp; Bank Balances</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>13,601,485</td>
<td>8,282,348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FDR</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>8,760,352</td>
<td>12,552,544</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Property &amp; Assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>242,705,977</td>
<td>251,452,680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Represented by:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Fund & Liabilities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>Schedules</th>
<th>30-06-2019</th>
<th>30-06-2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fund</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td>42,087,936</td>
<td>33,664,667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revaluation Reserve</td>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
<td>28,347,052</td>
<td>29,135,292</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DORP Participatory Fund-DFP</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>5,642,341</td>
<td>4,675,219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staff Security Fund</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1,037,525</td>
<td>1,532,425</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group Savings</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
<td>55,307,682</td>
<td>54,171,485</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loan from PKSF, Bank &amp; Others</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>84,011,710</td>
<td>107,512,262</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seasonal Loan Risk Fund</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
<td>10,467,439</td>
<td>8,663,619</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loan Loss Provision (LLP)</td>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
<td>15,554,242</td>
<td>11,627,734</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision for Audit Fees</td>
<td>18</td>
<td></td>
<td>50,000</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Fund &amp; Liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>242,705,977</td>
<td>251,452,680</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The accounting policies and other notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Dated: Dhaka
04 December, 2019

KAZI ZAHIR KHAN & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Signed by:
Abdulla-Al-Mahmud FCA, FCMA, FCS, LL.B
Partner

CEO & Member Secretary
This is the Statement of Financial Position referred to in our report of even date.
Chapter 8: Media

Media, Communication & Publication

Allocate budge for MHM
Speakers urge govt at DORP roundtable

Abdulrah A. Maman, Asst

Separate allocation is needed for Menstrual Hygiene Management (MHM) friendly toilets, water supply, sanitation and quality hygiene facilities at schools to attain SDG 5b. Apart from implementing government's directive, NGOs can also contribute. 12 June 2023

THE ASIAN AGE, MARCH 3, 2019

18 June 2023

Allocate budge for MHM
Speakers urge govt at DORP roundtable

Abdulrah A. Maman, Asst

Separate allocation is needed for Menstrual Hygiene Management (MHM) friendly toilets, water supply, sanitation and quality hygiene facilities at schools to attain SDG 5b. Apart from implementing government's directive, NGOs can also contribute. 12 June 2023
We Remember

Enormous contribution for DORP

Former Advisory Committee Chairman of DORP and former Advisor of caretaker government A.S.M. Shahjahan breathed his last breath on 5th February, 2019, Night 1 a.m.

Founder Treasurer of DORP Lion MD. Nurul Islam (76) breathed his last breath at night 10.30 p.m. He has huge contribution for DORP including establishment of DORP and Monitoring of DORP Building construction.

Former Advisory committee member of DORP and Former Additional Secretary of Government Mr. Abdul Halim breathed his last breath on 23rd October of 2018 at LabAid Hospital.

Honourable member of DORP General Committee and Joint Secretary of Former Executive Committee Samsun Nahar while performing the Holy Hajj breathed her last breath on August, 2019.

Relocation worker Saiful Islam of Pachchar Area of Padma Bridge Rail Link Relocation project died on 15 December, 2018 at 4 p.m. in a terrible road accident at Vanga Upazila of Faridpur. Saiful Islam was performing duty as Upazila coordinator in Tungipara SAPNA Package before this current job responsibility.

Prominent Media Personality and Media Friend of DORP Muhammad Jahangir have died on 10th of July 2019. He worked for integration with media private sector development thoughts and ideas.

Credit Officer of Belkuchi Branch of DORP Loan activities MD. Mehedi Hasan on his way to home during Eid festival died on 9 August, 2019 at 9.45 a.m. morning in a bike accident on Bonpara Upazila of Nator.

Credit Officer of Sirajganj Sadar Branch of DORP Loan activities MD. Atowar Rahman died on 18 May, 2019 at 11a.m. morning in his own home of Sujanagar Upazila of Pabna. He was suffering from Hepatitis B virus.

High level Government official, very talented and intelligent politician and former honorable parliament member and friend of Poor Mr. Abdur Rab Chowdhury has taken his last breath on 18th February 2018 early 9.00 A.M at his own residence at Gulshan.
২৮তম বার্ষিক সাধারণ সভার কার্যবিবরণী ও সিদ্ধান্তাবলী

তারিখ: ৭ ডিসেম্বর ২০১৯, স্থান: ডরপ কেন্দ্রীয় কার্যালয়, শেওড়াপাড়া, ঢাকা।

সভায় সভাপতিক করেন ডরপ’র কার্যনির্বাহী কমিটির সভাপতি জনাব মোঃ আজহার আলী তলুকদার। সভায় ডরপ কার্যনির্বাহী পরিষদ ও সাধারণ পরিষদের সদস্যরুপ, সমাজ সেবা অধিদপ্তরের প্রতিনিধি কর্মকর্তা এবং ডরপ কেন্দ্রীয় কার্যালয়ের সহশিক্ষী কর্মকর্তারুদ্বী উপস্থিত ছিলেন।

আলোচনাসূচি
১. ০১ ডিসেম্বর, ২০১৮ তারিখে অনুষ্ঠিত ডরপ এর ২৭তম বার্ষিক সাধারণ সভার কার্যবিবরণী গাথা ও অনুমোদন।
২. ডরপ’র চলমান প্রক্রিয়াসমূহের সাধারণ প্রতিষ্ঠান উপস্থাপন।
৩. ২০১৮-২০১৯ সালের অডিট রিপোর্ট এবং ২০১৯-২০২০ সালের বাজেট উপস্থাপন।
৪. ২০১৯-২০২০ সালের জন্য অডিটর নিয়োগ।
৫. অতিথিদের বক্তব্য।
৬. ডরপ ম্যান অব দ্যা ইয়ার পোস্টার।
৭. বছরের সেবা কর্মীদের মধ্যে পুরস্কার বিতরণ।
৮. অনুষ্ঠানের সমাপনী বক্তব্য।

১। সভাপতির বক্তব্য বক্তব্য

অনুষ্ঠানের সভাপতি জনাব মোঃ আজহার আলী তলুকদার, উপস্থিত কর্মনির্বাহী পরিষদ ও সাধারণ পরিষদের সদস্যরুপ, অতিথিদুর্ব এবং ডরপ কেন্দ্রীয় ও মাঠ পর্যায়ের কার্যালয়ের কর্মকর্তাগণকে স্বাগত ও বিজয় নিবেদন করেন। তিনি বলেন, এই ফোরাম সাধারণ পরিষদের সদস্যদের কথা বললে ফোরাম। তাই তিনি সকলকে তাদের বক্তব্য, মতামত ও সম্পর্ক তুলে ধরার জন্য অনুরোধ জানান।

২। ২৭তম সাধারণ সভার কার্যবিবরণী অনুমোদন:

সভাপতির অনুমোদিত ডরপ’র বিষয় জনাব এ এইচ এম নোমান উপস্থিত সভাকে তথ্য জানান। তিনি উপস্থিত সকলের পরিচয় তুলে ধরেন। তিনি সংস্থার ২৭তম বার্ষিক সাধারণ সভার কার্যবিবরণী উপস্থাপন করেন। বিষারিত আলোচনায় এ কর্মনির্বাহী সর্বদায়িত্বের গৃহীত হয়।

৩। ডরপ’রসাধারণ ও চলমান কার্যক্রম উপস্থাপন: ডরপ’র সাধারণ ও চলমানকার্যক্রম উপস্থাপন করেন সংস্থার ডিভিডি ও পরিচালক আর্পিএম জনাব মোহাম্মদ মোহাম্মদ হাসান। তিনি বলেন, ‘যাদের কথা হয়নি শোনা, তাদের কথা হবে’ Connecting the Disconnects ডরপ এই প্রেক্ষাপট নিয়ে কাজ করছে। আমাদের লক্ষ্য আমরা ২০১৬ থেকে ২০২০ সাল পর্যন্ত ৩,২৫,০০০ উপকারজোগীর কাছে পৌঁছাব। তিনি ডরপ’র লক্ষ্য,
উদ্দেশ্য, সার্বিক পরিচিতি, বর্তমান চলাচল কার্যক্রম এবং Strategic Plan (২০১৬-২০) অনুসারে কর্মকর্ত্তরদের 'পাওয়ার পয়েন্টের মাধ্যমে' উপস্থাপন করেন এবং 'ধর্মীয় স্ট্র্যাটেজিক্ল প্লান' এবং এর তিনটি পরিষদের সম্পর্কে আলোচনা করেন।

তিনি বলেন, ডরপর 'উদ্দেশ্য হচ্ছে দারিদ্র্য মুক্ত বাংলাদেশ গঠনে কাজ করা। এ উদ্দেশ্যকে সামনে রেখে ২০১৯ সালে যেটুকু জেলাতে ১৫টি প্রকল্প বাস্তবায়ন করা হচ্ছে। ডরপর 'চলাচল প্রকল্পগুলোর মধ্যে অন্যতম হচ্ছে পিবিআরএলপি, ডিইএসডিউইএলপি, ডিসিআরটিপিপি, সিএফপিপিপি, সিএফবিটিপিপিপি, পাত্রা পুনর্ব্যাপন, পাত্রা প্রশিক্ষণ, স্বপ্ন কর্মসূচী, সমৃদ্ধি, ওয়াটারসেক, খাদ, পানিই জীবন, ইন্টেলিজেন্ট ইন স্কুল ওয়াশ, মাইক্রোসফাইন্টাইপ ইত্যাদি।

বাংলাদেশ সরকার, সহযোগী সংস্থা, পিকেএসএফএব কর্তৃক বাণিজ্যিক ব্যাঙ্কের সহায়তায় এই কর্মসূচি/প্রকল্প বাস্তবায়ন করা হচ্ছে। সকল প্রকল্প সমত্রাণ কর্তৃপক্ষের নির্দেশনা ও কর্ম পরিকল্পনা অনুসারে যথাযথ প্রতিষ্ঠান ও মানসমতাভাবে পরিচালনা করা হচ্ছে।

ডর্প পাঠায়রের স্বাভাবিক প্রশাসনকে সম্পূর্ণ করে কাজ করে যাচ্ছে বিধায় অনেক সময়ের সহজ সমাধান করা যায়। ফলে, বড় ধরনের কোন সমস্যা আমাদের নেই। তিনি বলেন, বর্তমানে দাতা সংস্থা প্রকল্পগুলো এক বছরের।

প্রকল্পগুলোকে মনিটরিং, ইভায়লিয়শন কর সমাপ্ত করে আবার এক বছরের জন্য প্রকল্পের মূলধার প্রতিষ্ঠা করা হয়। এটি একটি কল্যাণ কাজ। উপস্থত আমাদের দেশ মধ্যে আমার দেশ হচ্ছে যাচ্ছে বলে ব্যাখ্যাশীর্ষণ অনুসারে সহায়তা করে যাচ্ছে। তাই আমাদের চালানো মোকাবিলা করে কাজ করে যাচ্ছে।

৪ ২০১৮-২০ অর্থ বছরের অডিট রিপোর্ট ও ২০১৯-২০২০ অর্থ বছরের বাজেট উপস্থাপন

২০১৯-২০১৯ সালের অডিট রিপোর্ট এবং ২০১৮-২০২০ সালের সন্ধান প্রকল্প ভিত্তিতে ৬৭.০৫,৭২,২১৪/- টাকার বাজেট উপস্থাপন করান মানোয়ালে একাডেমিস জাতীয় বঙ্গীয় ইসলাম। সভায় বিশ্বাসিত আলোচনায় অডিট রিপোর্টটি সমস্ততত্ত্ব পূর্ণতায় হয়। ১৯১৯-২০২০ অর্থ বছরের সন্ধান বাজেট ৬৭.০৫,৭২,২১৪/- বিষয়েও সভা সমাধান করে।

৫ ২০১৮-২০২০ সালের জন্য অভিভাবক নিয়োগ

২০১৯-২০২০ সালের অডিট ফার্ম নিয়োগের জন্য ফার্মের নাম প্রকাশ করেন ডরপ কার্যকরী কোম্পানীর কোনো সার্ভিস কর্মী কর্মীর কোনো সাধারণ জনার মো মেশকত উদ্দিন আহমেদ। কোম্পানী হল: ১. মোকাবি এলিম থানের চৌধুরী এড কোং, ক্যাপিটাল ইন্টারনেট। ২. মোকাবি কাজী জাহির খান এড কোং, ক্যাপিটাল ইন্টারনেট। ৩. মোকাবি মহিম মুহিম এড কোং, ক্যাপিটাল ইন্টারনেট। ৪. মোকাবি খান ওয়াই জনক রহমান এড কোং, ক্যাপিটাল ইন্টারনেট। ৫. মোকাবি মামলা এড কোং, ক্যাপিটাল ইন্টারনেট। ৬. মোকাবি আল ইমাম কোং, ক্যাপিটাল ইন্টারনেট। বিশ্বাসিত আলোচনায় প্রকাশিত ৬টি অডিট ফার্ম বর্ণনাত্মক তালিকাভুক্ত করা হয়। কার্যকরী কোম্পানী প্রযোজন মত এসব ফার্ম থেকে অডিট নিয়োগ করার সিদ্ধান্ত গ্রহণ করবে।
6 | دورپسن یونیورسیتی

انشغالیاتی سازمان و انتخاباتی:

جاناک کامپل ہاسن، ساسا، سخنوریہ صوبائی:
تینی ہال بنن، 2018-19 اجحیرت کا پہلا جانشین ہے۔ تینی آمیز کو باکسیکا پیپلز کا ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر رہے تھے۔ ان کا پہلا جامعہ صوبائی کے ہیکر کر Р
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1. **Rupa Begeam**, Managing Director, DORP & President, BRAC University, Chairman of the BRAC University Board of Directors. She is a renowned business leader and an influential voice in the field of education and social development. She has been a significant figure in shaping the vision and strategies of BRAC University, playing a pivotal role in its growth and development. Her leadership has been instrumental in establishing BRAC University as a leading institution in the region. Under her guidance, the university has expanded its reach and influence, making a positive impact on the society.

2. **Kazi Golam Kibria**, Finance Chief, BRAC University. His role involves overseeing the financial management of the university, ensuring that resources are allocated efficiently and effectively. Kazi Golam Kibria's expertise and experience in corporate finance and strategic planning have been crucial in driving the university's financial success. His leadership has enabled the university to meet its financial goals and objectives, providing a strong foundation for its continued growth and development.

3. **Professor M. Mahbubur Rahman**, Chairman, BRAC University. As the Chairman, Professor Rahman is responsible for the overall governance and strategic direction of the university. His leadership has been instrumental in shaping the academic and scholarly environment, ensuring that the university remains at the forefront of innovation and research. His vision and commitment to excellence have guided the university in achieving its mission and objectives, contributing significantly to its reputation and standing in the academic community.

4. **Professor M. Akhtaruzzaman**, Pro-Vice-Chancellor, BRAC University. As the Pro-Vice-Chancellor, Professor Akhtaruzzaman is responsible for ensuring the academic excellence and strategic planning of the university. His leadership has been characterized by a strong focus on the development of faculty and students, fostering an environment that encourages innovation and excellence in education. His expertise and experience in higher education have been instrumental in guiding the university's expansion and strategic initiatives, contributing to its overall growth and development.
২. রাশীনা আক্তার, ডিভিডি অফিসার, মাইক্রোফিল্মিং। তিনি ২০১৩ সালে ডিভিডি মাইক্রোফিল্মিংয়ে যোগ দেন। নিয়মানুসারী, নিষ্ঠা ও সত্যতার সাথে নিজ দায়িত্ব পালন করছেন।
তিনি দলকর্তা সাথে খণ্ড গ্রহণকারীদের সাথে যোগাযোগ ও খণ্ড আদায় কার্যক্রম পরিচালনা করে আসছেন। পুরুষরা প্রতিরোধের প্রতি কৃতজ্ঞ।

৩. আসানুল মামান, উপজেলা কো.ডিভিডি, ওয়ার্টার্ড, এসিপিসিপি সিটিভিভিস প্রকল্প।
তিনি আগস্ট ২০০৭-এ ডিভিডি যোগ দেন। সংস্থায় পানি, স্বাস্থ্য ও স্যানিটেশন ক্ষেত্রে বিভিন্ন প্রকল্পে কাজ করে আসছেন। শুভ্রলো, আত্মরক্ত ও নিষ্ঠার সাথে দৃঢ়তায় পালন এবং দলকর্তা সাথে আধ্যাত্মিক কাজ করছেন।
পুরুষরা প্রতিরোধের প্রতি কৃতজ্ঞ।

৮। সমাপ্তির বক্তব্য: মোহাম্মদ আজহার আলী তামুকাদার, ষেয়ারম্যান, ডিভিডি।
তিনি সম্ভাব্য উপাদান সকলকে অত্যন্ত ধন্যবাদ জানাতে দিতেন। তিনি বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় ক্যাম্পাসটির কিছু কর্মকার্যক্রম ও সমস্তকর্তার দিকে তুলে ধরিয়েছেন। তিনি জানলেন, ডিভিডির ক্যাম্পাসটি বিভিন্ন ক্ষেত্রে কাজ করা হচ্ছে। কর্মীরা দলকর্তার সাথে কাজ করছে। ফলে নিজের নির্দিষ্ট শাখায় যোগ দেওয়া গেছে। এফটিপিটি কর্মীবাহী কর্মী, সিইওএবং ডিভিডি স্ট্যাফদের প্রচেষ্টার ফলস্বরূপ।
তিনি সবার প্রচেষ্টায় ডিভিডি-কে আরো সফল ও সুস্থ করার প্রেরণায় যোগ দেওয়া আশ্বাস দিতে চান।
আবারো সকলকে ধন্যবাদ জানাতে সতর্ক হোন।

মোহাম্মদ আজহার আলী তামুকাদার
সভাপতি, ডিভিডি।

"বইটি পড়ে একজন অনন্য মানুষ সম্পর্কে 
যেমন জানা যাবে তেমনি, মানুষ চাইলেই 
মানুষের জন্য কাজ করতে পারে, দেশের 
জন্য অবদান রাখতে পারে- তার একটি 
চিত্র এই বইটিতে পাওয়া যাবে।"

আ হ ম ফয়সল এর দ্বিতীয় গ্রন্থ ‘এএইচএম নোমান গুসি 
আর্জুনিক শাষ্টি পুরুষর বিতর্ক' অর একাশ সঙ্গমেলা 
২০১৯ এ আহমদ পাবলিশিং হাউস প্রকাশ করে।
Dear DORP Friends

We have come together for lunch and chatting. But also to talk about our joint work, about achievements and about what we will do in the near future. It is a great pleasure working with you and we will do care of it!!

Kasper
HELVETAS
04.02.2019

I visited BD on 30th Oct. to 3rd Nov. 2019 for the program ‘SAPNA-MA Sera Dosh’ a mega celebration of Mothers Parliament (MA Sangsad) which held on 2nd Nov. 2019.

I was amazed the way DORP has been progressing over the years under a strong dynamic leadership of AHM Nouman, who is ahead of his times, a man of strong will power, dedication & open to new ideas with creative approach. He is the leader who has capacity to translate dreams, vision into reality.

DORP team is reflection of its leadership, well organized like-minded followers, systematic, responsible, very cooperative, unique bonding & good relationship among each other’s. They are chasing the dreams of their leader.

DORP aims at a mission to alleviate poverty, to make poverty free Bangladesh & to establish the dignity of women in society. It also has the credit of innovation of Maternity Allowance based on SAPNA MA package for poor pregnant mothers & support them with housing, food, education, providing earning resources, health & hygiene training and making them independent with sustainable development goals.

I visited to UNO, Upazila Parishad at kaliganj on 31st October to deal with government officers. I saw the follow up for different projects, DORP do with respective organizations like govt. officers, Stakeholders, NGOs. I met mothers of SAPNA MA package with their homes, earning resources & establishment of each other’s. 700 mothers are blessed with this package. I met confident women. I saw ‘Ma-sangsad’of mothers who are aware of civil rights, ability to take their own decisions, confident, social connectivity, positivity, sense of ‘SELF DEVELOPMENT’.

All the best wishes for new projects of DORP & SAPNA-MA package.

Dear AHM Nouman Sir, your ability has taken DORP to the new heights of success, your dedication, hard work, consistency, patience will pay you success.

All the best team.

Shewta Varpe
Goodwill Ambassador, DORP
Dhaka, Bangladesh
03.11.2019
# DORP Ongoing Projects 2018-2019

## Education

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SL</th>
<th>Project/Program</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Budget</th>
<th>Funding Agencies</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Activities/Major works</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 01 | UNIQUE Mainstreaming Project         | From November 2018 to February 2019 | Amounting Tk. 22,91,675 | Lead DAM, Financed by EC | Bhola-coastal area Daulatkhan | • Helping the CLC students to enroll them in the formal Gavt. Schools.  
• Handing Over CLC’s to the Management Committee                                                                                                           |
| 02 | Matribandhu Nouman Academy           | From 2013 to continue              | Own Resource      | Own Resource      | Bhabanganj of Laksmipur district | • Provide pre-primary education and primary education of class one  
• Arranging Ma-Somabesh to aware them about children’s hygiene, education, child care etc.                                                                  |

## Health Nutrition & WASH Program

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SL</th>
<th>Project/Program</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Budget</th>
<th>Funding Agencies</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Activities/Major works</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 03 | Watershed-empowering citizens        | January 2017 to September 2020    | BDT 93,28,430.28 | Simavi, The Netherlands | Bhola Sadar Upazila            | • Coaching of the CSO on Inclusion and sustainability, Budget Tracking, engage with other stakeholders, WASH, IWRM, Lobby and Advocacy.  
• Lobby and advocacy meeting with WASH/IWRM service providers.  
• Pre-budget and Open budget dialogue at Union Parishad.  
• Operationalisation of Water Rules by sharing at Upazila IWRM and WASH Committee.  
• Petition submission to DPHE, BWDB, and LGED and get Feedback.  
• Conduct Workshop for duty bearers (BWDB, DPHE, LGIs) to identify Best Practices  
• Organize sharing and learning meetings with stakeholders: DPHE, LGED, BWDB, DAE.  
• CSOs meeting with Upazila Parishad WASH Public Health, Sanitation and Pure Water Supply committee for addressing WASH rights for excluded people. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Project Name</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Amounting</th>
<th>Organization</th>
<th>District/Sub-district</th>
<th>Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>06.</td>
<td>Integrity in School WASH</td>
<td>January 2017 to December 2019</td>
<td>BDT=32,90,002</td>
<td>Water Integrity Network-WIN</td>
<td>Bhola Sadar &amp; Ramgoti Upzila</td>
<td>• Imitate tool adaption process  • Selection of school finalized  • TOT for DORP staffs &amp; others partners  • Reviewed policy documents &amp; finalized  • Participatory assessments &amp; FGDs in school launched.  • Multi stakeholders consultant in upazilas  • Data analysis  • Stakeholders water week presentation  • Country level advocacy workshop  • Final report completed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07.</td>
<td>WASH SDG</td>
<td>July 2018 to June 2020</td>
<td>BDT= 1,94,54,663</td>
<td>Simavi the Netherlands</td>
<td>Barguna</td>
<td>• Capacity building of local government service providers and CSOs,  • Pre and open budget at unions &amp; Municipalities level &amp; wall writing,  • PSF renovation and pipe line set up,  • Advocacy meetings with service providers for improve WASH facilities for excluded group,  • MHM friendly toilet establishment at school level,  • Entrepreneurs development from excluded population.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Economic Program

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Amounting</th>
<th>Implementing Agency/Partner</th>
<th>Union/Location</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>09. Vulnerable Group Development (VGD)</strong></td>
<td><strong>From May 2012 to December 2016</strong></td>
<td>Tk. 17,61,412.49</td>
<td>Ministry of Women &amp; Children Affairs and WFP</td>
<td>Laksmipur sadar And Raipur of Laxmipur &amp; Parsuram of Feni District.</td>
<td>• Provide Training on live skills &amp; IGA • Improve Socio-economic Condition • Food Support Coordination • Women Empowerment • Savings &amp; Credit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>10. SAPNA Package Project for Poverty Alleviation of the Maternity Allowance Recipients’ Mothers</strong></td>
<td><strong>From July 2019 to December 2020</strong></td>
<td>Tk. 5,50,00,000</td>
<td>Ministry of Women &amp; Children Affairs through Department of Women Affairs, Government of the Peoples Republic of Bangladesh</td>
<td>Dhaka Tongipara, Kaligonj Chittagong Chaktihil, Ramgati Rajshahi Singra, Badalgachi Sylhet Srimongol Khulna Mujibnagar Barisal Daulatkhana</td>
<td>• Supporting and coordinating with Department of Women Affairs in implementation of SAPNA project. • Revisiting Maternity Allowance recipient mothers for SAPNA package selection i.e. Health, Nutrition Birth Card, Education &amp; Cultural Card, Housing and Sanitation, Livelihood income generating inputs, Savings and Microcredit, if needed: • Couple Training, PPPP implementation, Organizing Ma Sangsad Coordination: with concerned different Ministry/Stakeholders, Dept of Women Affairs &amp; Field Offices and Union Parishad.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>11. Microfinance Program: Jagoron (RMC) Bunad (UPP) Agrosor(SL) Sufolon Agriculture (Seasonal)</strong></td>
<td><strong>From August 2004 &amp; ongoing</strong></td>
<td>OutStanding Tk.= 230254978 in December 2019</td>
<td>Pally Karma Sahayak Foundation (PKSF) and NCC Bank Ltd., Meghna Bank Ltd., Standard Bank Ltd. and Midland Bank Ltd. and Bangladesh bank</td>
<td>Sirajgonj Sadar, Belkuchi, Ullaspara, Shahzadpur, Solonga Tangail Bhuapur, Jokarchar, Kalhati, Gopalpur, Ghatail Chittagong Satkaria, Baskhali Kishorganj Kuliarchar, Katidi Barguna, Sadar</td>
<td>• Provide credit for income generation. • Provide micro-enterprise credit to the entrepreneurs. • Savings generation and sustainability • Poverty alleviation • Empowering the poor specially women who live in the Village.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Low Cost Housing for the Rural Poor</td>
<td>From November 2003 &amp; ongoing</td>
<td>Amounting Tk.43,00,000</td>
<td>Bangladesh Bank-GoB</td>
<td>Kularchar, Katiaidi, Ghatal, Kalihati, Gopalpur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>DORP Green Energy Program</td>
<td>May 2014 &amp; ongoing</td>
<td>Amounting Tk. 4,27,000</td>
<td>DORP &amp; Rahimafroz</td>
<td>5 Upazila’s of Bhol</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Livelihood and Resettlement Program**

<p>| 14. | Padma Bridge Rail Link Project- PBRLP | From 1st February 17 to July 2021 | Amounting Taka 19,64,86,843 | Bangladesh Railway | Dhaka, Narayanganj, Munshigonj, Shariatpur, Madaripur, Faridpur. | • Project information campaign • Resettlement Plan (RP) updating • Land Acquisition and Resettlement Process Preparation and implementation. • Identification of entitled persons and issuance of Identify cards. • Assistance to EPs during relocation and finding replacement land • Assistance to CSC for helping affected families in rehabilitation and livelihood restoration. |
| 15. | Dhaka Environmentally Sustainable Water Supply Project (DESWSP) | From 1st March 2015 to 31st August 2018 September 2018 to June 2020 | Amounting Tk. 6,71,72,000 | Dhaka WASA &amp; ADB | Araihazar &amp; Rupganj Upazila of Narayanganj district and Demra &amp; Gulshan Thana of Dhaka district | • Project Information Campaign • Resettlement Plan • (RP) updating • Land Acquisition and Resettlement Process Preparation and implementation • Identification of entitled persons and issuance of Identity Cards. • Assistance to EPs during relocation and finding replacement land • Community development program in the alignment area communities • Special Provision based on Project Resettlement Plan for Vulnerable people |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Project Description</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>Total Cost (BDT)</th>
<th>Company/Location</th>
<th>Steps in Information Campaign</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 16 | Bangladesh Singapore 700 MW USC Coal Fired Power Plant Project.                      | December 2017 to May 2020 | 1,85,83,332      | Matarbari Union of Maheshkhali Upazila under Cox's Bazar district. | - Information campaign  
- Updating RAP & RAP disclosure  
- Identification of Entitled Persons;  
- Assisting to LA Process;  
- Joint Verification & valuation of Property;  
- Issuance of ID Cards  
- Disbursement of compensation additional grants;  
- Assistance to APs in Grievance redress procedures;  
- Assisting APs in the process of relocation & resettlement;  
- Preparation of Management Information System;  
- Conducting the Livelihood Restoration program |
| 17 | Chattogram-Feni-Bakhrabad Gas Transmission Parallel Pipeline Project                 | December 2017 to June 2020 | 1,48,57,082.35   | GTCL, ADB Chattogram: 2 Upazila, Sitakunda & Mirersarai Feni: 2 Upazila-Feni & Chhagalnaiya Cumilla: 7 Upazila | - Information campaign  
- Updating RAP & RAP disclosure  
- Identification of Entitled Persons;  
- Assisting in LA Process;  
- Joint Verification & finalization of valuation of Property;  
- Issuance of ID Cards  
- Disbursement of compensation additional grants;  
- Assistance in APs in Grievance redress procedures;  
- Assisting APs in the process of relocation & resettlement;  
- Preparation of Management Information System;  
- Conducting the Livelihood Restoration program |
- Resettlement Plan (RP) updating  
- Land Acquisition and Resettlement Process Preparation and implementation.  
- Identification of entitled persons and issuance of identify cards.  
- Assistance to EPs during relocation and finding replacement land  
- Assistance to DCRTCP for helping affected families in rehabilitation and livelihood restoration. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Date Range</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Authority</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 19  | Design, Construction, Supervision & Resettlement Plan Implementation of Payra Sea Port | May 2018 to May 2020        | BDT. 104,46,64,602.7 | Payra sea port Authority and IIFC | 4200 PAP of Kalapara, Patuakhali | • Preparation of design for 4200 buildings.  
• Supervision of construction work of the buildings  
• Resettlet the PAP’s & handover buildings to the PAPs  
• Conducting trade-based Training for restoration of livelihood of the PAP’s |
| 20  | Payra ILRP Training                                                        | 5 March 2019 to April 2020  | BDT. 6,82,24,571   | Payra sea port Authority       | 4200 PAP of Kalapara, Patuakhali | Conducting trade-based Training for restoration of livelihood of the PAP’s |

**Climate Change & Environment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Date Range</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Authority</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 21  | Plantation & Social Afforestation in the Railway Track & Distribution of Sapling to the PAPs of JBRLP | From Jun’01 to Dec’ 10 & Continuing | Amounting Tk. 92,45,000 | JBRLP – Bangladesh Railway-ADB | 8000 PAPs of Bhupur-Joydevpur | • Plantation of 100 km railway track both side, distribution of saplings  
• Conducting training  
• Awareness creation for nursery development |
### Lobbing / Advocacy / Monitoring / Networking

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phase 01: (2 years- Short Term) Maternity Allowance to the Poor Mother</th>
<th>Start from 2005 &amp; by the Govt. 2007 and Continuing Start from 2009 to 2012 by AECID &amp; started by Govt. from 2014 &amp; continuing</th>
<th>For increasing numbers of mothers &amp; the budget</th>
<th>Lobbing and advocacy for Govt. resources increasing under NNSSP</th>
<th>Nationwide</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Phase 02: (3 years- Medium Term) Maternity Allowance Centered SAPNA Package</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Selection Criteria Overview • Pregnant with her first or second child • At least 20 years of age • Total household monthly income below Tk. 1500 • Poormother of a female headed household • Family with disability • Owning no land holdings other than their homestead • Owning no productive assets, such as agricultural land, livestock etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Phase 03: (15 years- Long Term- Self Reliant) Self Propelling SAPNA fulfillment by 20 years of a generation</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Maternity Allowance for the poor mothers revisiting for SAPNA package winning. • Assist to provide Health, Nutrition, Birth Control Card • Education and Cultural Card • Housing and Sanitation • Livelihood income generation inputs • Savings, Plantation &amp; Micro-credit, if needed • Promoting Mother’s Parliament • Public-Poor-Private Partnership enhancement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22. Establish IT Centering Mothers for Poverty Resistance</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
<td>Own resources</td>
<td>Nation wide</td>
<td>• Reducing Hassle of poor rural women • Ensuring Transparency &amp; Accountability • Ensuring Fair selection of mothers • Disseminating proper information • Dissemination of Health related information • Establishing a monitoring system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23. Basic Rights Forward Establishing Human Rights</td>
<td>CCHR/B BMSP</td>
<td>CCHR/B BMSP</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Voter education • Organizing voter for union council election/Election observation • Supporting awareness &amp; civil society activities</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## DORP Completed Project up to 2018

### Annex-3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SL</th>
<th>Project/Program</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Budgeting</th>
<th>Funding Agencies</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Activities/Major works</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
• Base line Survey & Social Mapping  
• Community mobilization  
• Conducting pedagogy Training,  
• Enrollment the drop out and out of school children for non-formal primary education  
• Mainstreaming of NFPE learners  
• Organize School Improvement Programme  
• Developing contingency plan for disaster management |
| 02. | Accelerating Health Village:WASH Monitoring Perspective | From 1 February 2016 to 15 December 2016 | Amounting Tk. 48,81,930 | SIMAVI- The Netherlands | BorgunaSadar, Fakirhat, Ramgati, SirajganjSadar, Kuliarchar, Bhuapur | • Campaign & promotion by WASH day observation, WASH related Banner display, Information board, WASH Message dissemination  
• WASH Service Monitoring by Health village group discussion, Health village representative meeting with UP/DPHE, School WASH monitoring, Menstrual Hygiene education to School students, Improve sanitation facilities.  
• Lobby and Advocacy by Sanitation, Water supply & sewerage standing committee meeting, UDCC meeting, Consultation & Advocacy meeting, TV Talk show, Write up Daily News paper.  
• WASH Budget Monitoring by WASH Budget Monitoring club meeting, Pre-Budget Dialogue, Open Budget Dialogue, Public Hearing, Hygiene promotion, Awareness buildup, Community mobilization & capacity building of community people.  
• Addressing Right to Water and Sanitation: Voice of Mother Parliament |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SL</th>
<th>Project/Program</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Budgeting</th>
<th>Funding Agencies</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Activities/Major works</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 03. | Strengthening Partnerships, Results and Innovation in Nutrition Globally (SPRING) | From October 2012 to September 2016 | Amounting Tk. 10,22,73,548 | USAID through Save the Children Bangladesh | Magura Magura Sadar Narail Narail Sadar, Kalia Bhola Bhola Sadar, Daulatkhan, Lalmohon, Tajumuddin, Borhanuddin, Charfashion and Monpura | • Reduce the Stunting in Bangladesh through improving the nutritional status of the Pregnant women, Lactating mothers and Children under 2
• Formation of Farmer Nutrition Schools (FNS) for HFP and ENA/EHA
• Conduct training on ENA/EHA for Health & Family Planning and Agriculture Extension department front line staff.
• Mentoring and supportive supervision of delivery of key ENA/EHA messages during MOA Contacts and home visits
• Distribute seeds and provide technical supports among the FNS members for Homestead Food production (establishment of Homestead vegetable gardens, Practices appropriate Poultry and Aquaculture techniques among the SPRING FNS members)
• Upazila level monthly meetings between SPRING and implementing partners and partner NGOs and government counterparts for better coordination to ensure the sustainability of the SPRING activities |
| 04. | Follow-up the WAB supported ‘Addressing Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH) in Southwestern Bangladesh (WASHplus)’ | From 16th November 2015 to 15th November 2016 | Amounting Tk. 462,240.00 | Water Aid Bangladesh | Charfession Upazila under Bhola district | • Follow-up-
• Hygiene sessions of mothers’ group
• CDF’s meeting on WASH scenario
• Promotion of hand washing device
• Use and maintenance of HH latrines
• Operation and maintenance of water points
• Continuation of school WASH programmes
• Promotion of SaTo pans by the LSEs
• Utilization of the trained mechanics |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SL</th>
<th>Project/Program</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Budgeting</th>
<th>Funding Agencies</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Activities/Major works</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 05.| Dhaka Water Supply Sector Development Project (DWSSDP) | 1st November 2013 to 31st January 2016 | Amounting Tk. 38,08,400 | Dhaka WASA & ADB       | Dhaka Metropolitan Area (DMA) 1001 to 1010 (Rokeya Sharoni to Mirpur-12) | • Assist conjunction with the DMC contractors;  
• Advice residents and take mitigation measures to disseminate the information about the road closures and the alternative arrangements;  
• Prepare the list of the potential APs of the project.  
• Issue ID card for each AP considered entitled for compensation;  
• Develop and keep updated a database recording the APs and status of compensation payment;  
• Ensure compensation payment by the PMU to each AP and  
• Keep the DMC and PPM informed and coordinates all field workers, sub meetings. |
| 06.| Preparation of safeguard monitoring report for implementation of RPs to comply with ADBs safeguard policy for the Gas Transmission Pipeline projects. | 2nd October 2014 to 1st April 2016 | Amounting Tk. 1,28,800 | GTCL & ADB (Loan 2188-BAN) | Group A: I) Monohaordi-Dhanua and Elenga-East Bank of Bangabandhu Bridge and II) Bonpara-Rajshahi Group B: I) Hatikumrul-Bheramara and II) Bheramara-Khulna | • Analyze the socio-economic conditions of PAPs  
• Checking implementation of actual compensation and resettlement to examine whether the project RP policies are complied with or not and whether the project affected households’ lives are restored to equal or better levels than before project;  
• Analyze payment methodology and other compliance according to Entitlement matrix of RP  
• Analyze the Grievance Readdress Mechanism (GRM)  
• Comply with ADB’s Safeguard Requirement for monitoring of RP implementation |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SL</th>
<th>Project/Program</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Budgeting</th>
<th>Funding Agencies</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Activities/Major works</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 07 | Dhaka Water Supply Sector Development Project (DWSSDP)                          | 1st November 2013 to 31st January 2016 | Amounting Tk. 38,08,400 | Dhaka WASA & ADB       | Dhaka Metropolitan Area (DMA) 1001 to 1010 (Roleyka Sharoni to Mirpur-12) | • Assist conjunction with the DMC contractors;  
• Advice residents and take mitigation measures to disseminate the information about the road closures and the alternative arrangements;  
• Prepare the list of the potential APs of the project.  
• Issue ID card for each AP considered entitled for compensation;  
• Develop and keep updated a database recording the APs and status of compensation payment;  
• Ensure compensation payment by the PMU to each AP and  
• Keep the DMC and PPM informed and coordinates all field workers, sub meetings. |
| 08 | Preparation of Safeguard Monitoring report for implementation of RPs to comply with ADB's safeguard policy for the Gas Transmission Pipeline projects. | 2nd October 2014 to 1st April 2016 | Amounting Tk. (Loan 2188-BAN) | GTCL & ADB              | Group A: I) Monohordi-Dhanua and Elenga-East Bank of Bangabandhu Bridge and II) Bonpara-Rajshahi Group B: I) Hatkumrul-Bheramaraand II) Bheramara- Khulna | • Analyze the socio-economic conditions of PAPs  
• Checking implementation of actual compensation and resettlement to examine whether the project RP policies are complied with or not and whether the project affected households’ lives are restored to equal or better levels than before project;  
• Analyze payment methodology and other compliance according to Entitlement matrix of RP  
• Comply with ADB's Safeguard Requirement for monitoring of Reimplementation. |
| 09 | Implementation of Resettlement Plan of TongiBhairab Bazar Double Line Project (TBDLP) | Form October 2011 to December 2014 | Amounting Tk. 2,19,69,885 | BR & ADB               | Gazipur sadar & Kaliganj Upazila of Gazipur and Nasirgdi sadar, Raipur | • Information campaign  
• Implementation of Resettlement Action Plan (RAP)  
• Prepare EP, EC file and entitlement card  
• Develop Customize CMIS for Smooth Implementation of RP  
• Including ensure compensation of the Eps.  
• Ensure resettlement benefits of the Eps.  
• Ensure AGL of the Eps  
• Conducting Property Valuation Advisory Team (PVAT) meeting for finalizing property value.  
• Assist GRC for setting the disputes.  
• Assist to resettle in suitable place.  
• Conduct Livelihood restoration program for Vulnerable Eps. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Project Description</th>
<th>Implementation Period</th>
<th>Amounting (Tk.)</th>
<th>Implementing Agency</th>
<th>Location/Sectors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Implementation of Resettlement Plan under Jamuna-Meghna River Erosion Mitigation Project, ADB Loan No. 1941-BAN (SF)</td>
<td>From February 2005 to August 2008</td>
<td>68,00,000</td>
<td>ADB-BWDB</td>
<td>Matlab of Chandpur and Bera of Pabna district</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Coastal Embankment Rehabilitation Project (CERP)</td>
<td>From 1997 to 2001</td>
<td></td>
<td>European Commission (EC), World Bank</td>
<td>Chania, Thana: Banshkhali, Dist: Chittagong; Embankment A forestation and Maintenance involving ESs; Improved Operation and Maintenance (O&amp;M) involving the community; Social development program for the ESs like Training, Education; health, sanitation; Social development program for the ESs like Training, Education; health, sanitation; Utilization of Community Development Fund and provide interest free credit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Adarsha Gram Phase-I</td>
<td>From 1992 to 1996</td>
<td></td>
<td>MoLand-CEC</td>
<td>Chittagong, (Anwara, Mirersharai, Lohagara, Hathajari, Rangunia, Bakranikund, Banskhali), Cox Bazar (Chokoria), Laksmipur (Ramgati, Ramgonj and Raipur); Integrated development of rootless people in 17 clustered village supplying tubewell, re-excavation of pond, homestead gardening, training, income generation program and non-formal Education.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Program Description</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Implementing Organization</td>
<td>Locations</td>
<td>Activities</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Rehabilitation Program for cyclone AILA affected poor of the southern district of Bangladesh</td>
<td>October 2009 to February 2010</td>
<td>International Development &amp; Relief Foundation (IDRF) Canada</td>
<td>Bargunasadur of Bangana, Bashkjali of Chittagong, Ramgati of Laksmipur and Bholasadar of Bhola district</td>
<td>• Rehabilitation of cyclone affected families to re-start the normal activities of life and facilitating the communities to repair and renovate the damaged structures divided into two activities : (a) Community benefit based and (b) Person/family benefit based</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 15  | Emergency Relief and Rehabilitation Project for the Flood Victims                   | From September 2004 to August 2006 | CORDAID-The Netherlands                       | Jamalpur, Tangai, Kishoregonj, Laksmipur and Dhaka city | • Provide house building  
• Arsenic free tube well installation  
• Distribution of Sanitary Latrine  
• Distribution of vegetable seeds  
• Land raising for house building |
| 16  | Relief, Rehabilitation & Community Development Program for the Cyclone Hit Family  | From July 1991 to June 1992 | GK, VHSS                                      | Charfession of Bhola, Banskhali of Chittagong | • Provide relief to the cyclone victim  
• Remove contaminated water from ponds  
• Distribution of paddy seeds  
• Group Organization  
• Savings & Credit |
| 17  | Emergency Relief and Rehabilitation for the Flood Victims                           | From 1998 to 1999  | Embassy of Japan, Dhaka                       | Laksmipur, Raipur, Ramgati of Laksmipur district | • Provide agricultural Input like power tiller, tube well and seeds, sanitary latrine |
| 18  | Relief & Agriculture Rehabilitation Program                                         | From October 1998 to December 1998 | ASSP-DFID                                    | Tangail, Kishoregonj, Raipur, Laksmipur, Ramgati and Chandpur | • Provide seeds and tube well,  
• Provide Cash compensation to the flood victims, marginal and small farms. |
## ILRP, Income Generation & Skill Development

<table>
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<tr>
<th>SL</th>
<th>Project/Program</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Budgeting</th>
<th>Agencies</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Activities/Major works</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 19 | Training/ILRP Interventions supports to the Payra Deep Sea Port Authority | January 2019 to 30 June 2019 | BDT: 1,84,00,000 | Payra Port Authority (PPA), Bangladesh Navy/GoB | Patuakhali | • Identify Poor and vulnerable Affected Persons (APs) and prepare comprehensive list for whom support to be provided;  
  • Identify potential livelihood opportunities for APs;  
  • Select participants on the basis of Training Needs Assessment;  
  • Provide necessary vocational and skill development training to the trainees;  
  • Provide technical support to the trainees for business planning, operation and management of various income generation activities. |
| 20 | Rural Women Employment Creation Projects-RWEC | From October 1993 to June 2011 | | Dept. of Women Affairs GoB, BKB, ADB | Raipur of Laksmipur | • Imparting training & disbursing loan to 6000 rural unemployed & poor women for IGA. |
| 21 | Agricultural Diversification & Intensification Project (ADIP) | From 1998 to 2006 | DAE-IFAD | Kotiaidi, Kuliarchar, MithamoinKishoreganj | | • Group formation, training, motivation for Crop diversification  
  • Creation of job opportunity for Landless farmers, small, marginal farmers (total no of 6410 beneficiaries) through income generation activities by credit |
| 22 | Community Based Appropriate Employment Generation Scheme | From June 1994 to June 2011 | BMET-Upazila-PAC ILO Japan | Bargunasadar, Barguna | | • Skill development training & materials input for small farmers, like mechanized cultivation, nursery & homestead gardening |
| 23 | Rural Employment generation Scheme | From August 1995 to December 2011 | BMET-Upazila-PAC ILO Japan | Laksmipur sadar, Laksmipur | | • Training, sanitation, credit for rural unemployed beneficiaries |
| 24 | Training, Credit & Employment of PAPs of JMBA | From February 1998 to December 2004 | | JMBA-PKSF | Bhuapur & Kalihati of Tangail and Sirajganj Sadar | • Group Formation  
  • Training (Occupational skill development & human resource development)  
  • Credit disbursement for income generation  
  • Create employment |
### DORP Annual Report 2019

#### Homestead Gardening
- **Project**: Homestead Gardening
- **Duration**: From January 1998 to December 1998
- **Funding Source**: ASSP-DAE Kishoreganj
- **Activities**:
  - Organize women groups
  - Provide training on homestead gardening
  - Provide Agro Input

#### Meghna Dhanga-goda Irrigation Project (MDIP) under (CAD)-A
- **Project**: Meghna Dhanga-goda Irrigation Project (MDIP) under (CAD)-A
- **Duration**: From August 1998 to December 2000
- **Funding Source**: BWDB-GoB funded by ADB Matlab of Chandpur district
- **Activities**:
  - Farmers & stakeholders training on irrigation structure cost recovery

#### Training of MSS & BSS Members of BRDB
- **Project**: Training of MSS & BSS Members of BRDB
- **Duration**: From 1996 to 1997
- **Funding Source**: BRDB-ADB Kustta Jessore (Greater) Siraigonj
- **Activities**:
  - Training on group graduation & skill development

#### Capacity Building Poverty Alleviation & Sustainable Livelihood of the Socially Disadvantaged Women & Their Children
- **Project**: Capacity Building Poverty Alleviation & Sustainable Livelihood of the Socially Disadvantaged Women & Their Children
- **Duration**: From December 2000 to June 2007
- **Funding Source**: Ministry of Social Welfare-UNDP
- **Activities**:
  - Crèche
  - Pre-formal & non formal education
  - Boarding Facilities
  - Vocational Training
  - Health Care service
  - Job replacement
  - Admission of the formal education

#### Women Employment Project
- **Project**: Women Employment Project
- **Duration**: From 1993 to 1994
- **Funding Source**: ASHA-France Nandankadan under Bondar Upazila of Narayangon
- **Activities**:
  - Group formation and savings

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### Education

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<tr>
<th>SL</th>
<th>Project/Program</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Budgeting</th>
<th>Funding Agencies</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Activities/Major works</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 30 | Unique Intervention for Quality Primary Education- (UNIQUE-II) | From January 2012 to November 2017 and extended for December 2017 to February 2019 | BDT: 32,762,572.00 | Lead DAM, financed by European Commission (EC) | Bhola-coastal area | • Organize Community Managed Children Learning Center (CLC)
• Base line Survey & Social Mapping
• Community mobilization
• Conducting pedagogy Training,
• Enrollment the drop out and out of school children for non-formal primary education
• Mainstreaming of NFPE learners
• Organize School Improvement Program
• Developing contingency plan for disaster management
• Conducting parent’s schools for socioeconomic development. |
| 31 | Post Literacy and Continuing Education for Human Development (PLCEHD-2) Project | From June 2009 to April 2012 | ADB-SDC & BNFE | Chandpur District | Baseline Survey, Learner Selection, Operating post literacy course for 11-45 years aged learners, Provide trade material, Conduct skill development training |
| 32 | Up-scaling Non Formal Primary Education through Institutionalizing Qualitative Endeavor - UNIQUE | From February 2007 to December 2011 | European Commission-EC | 14 upazila of Bhola, Laksipur, Noakhali & Feni District | Organize Community Managed Children Learning Center (CLC), Base line Survey & Social Mapping, Community mobilization, Conducting pedagogy Training, Enrollment the drop out and out of school children for non-formal primary education, Mainstreaming of NFPE learners, Organize School Improvement Program, Developing contingency plan for disaster management, Conducting parent's schools for socioeconomic development |
| 33 | Reaching out of School Children-ROSC | From January 2006 to December 2011 | Directorate of Primary Education-World Bank | Charfession Upazila of Bhola | Organize education center for drop out children, Ensure Children learning environment, Supervision and monitoring of school activities |
| 34 | Non Formal Education Project-2 | From 1998 to 2000 | DNFE-GoB, UNICEF | Jajira, Hatya, Matlab, Lalmohon, Sonagazi, Mirer-sharai, Doulatpur, Banshkhali, Lama, Boranuiddin, Khagrachari, Rangamati, Bandarban and Rawanchari | Developed Neo-literate and Primary school drop-out to productive human resource and eliminate gender disparity, Functioned 170 learning centre with total 13060 learners in 340 shifts, Learners had trained on issue by the resource persons, Education provided for the learner, Trade training provided for learners |
| 35 | Non Formal Education Project | From March 1998 to February 1999 | DNFE-Gob, UNICEF | Ramgati, Patharghata, Jagannathpur, Lama, Karingonj, Kotiai, Hassainpur, Dhrai, Khagrachari, Rangamati, Bandarban and Rawanchari | Developed Neo-literate and Primary school drop-out to productive human resource and eliminate gender disparity, Functioned 170 learning centre with total 13060 learners in 340 shifts, Learners had trained on issue by the resource persons, Education provided for the learner, Trade training provided for learners |
Post Literacy, Continuing Education and Human Development (PLCEHD)

From 2002 to 2007

BNFE

Raigonj of Sirajgonj and Mithamoin of Kishoregonj

- Developed Neo-literate and Primary school drop-out to productive human resource and eliminate gender disparity.
- Functioned 272 learning centre with total 16320 learners in 544 shifts.
- Learners had trained up on issue by the resource persons.
- Education provided for the learner.
- Trade training provided for learners.

Primary School at No School Village

From January 2007 to December 2015

World Bank

Bhola, Barishal, Laksmipur

- Constructed primary school in the country’s remote area.
- Provided infrastructure for school.
- Provided Primary Curriculum.
- Provided education materials.

Health Nutrition & WASH Program

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<tr>
<th>SL</th>
<th>Project/Program</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Budgeting</th>
<th>Funding Agencies</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Activities/Major works</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 38 | Panijiban       | Nov 2016 to Dec 2018. Extended: January to December 2019 | BDT: 1,06,66,038 | HELVETAS Swiss Interco operation | Moregonja sub-district of Bagerhat district. | ● Activation of Union WASH Committees
● Formation of WASH Budget Monitoring club and facilitation for activation
● Establishment of Mothers Parliament and arranging regular meeting
● Supporting target people in getting safe water. |
| 39 | Integrity in School WASH | January to December 2019 | BDT: 22,49,688 | Water Integrity Network-WIN | Bhola Sadar & RamgotiUpzila | ● Imitate tool adaption process
● Selection of school finalized
● TOT for DORP staffs & others partners
● Reviewed policy documents & finalized
● Participatory assessments & FGDs in school launched.
● Multi stakeholders consultant in upazilas
● Data analysis
● Stakeholders water week presentation
● Country level advocacy workshop
● Final report completed. |
| 40 | WASH SDG Program | June 2018 to July 2019 | BDT: 1,94,54,663 | Simavi, The Netherlands | BargunaSadar, Nalona, Dhalua of Barguna Sadar Upazilla and Amtali & Patharghata Municipalities | ● Activities on LGI level that that leads to more demand for WASH services, facilities and products
● Household/Community level activities that will lead to more awareness on WASH issues with the intention to increase the demand for facilities and services.
● Creating platforms and collaboration structures at community level where the demand can be formulated and voiced
● Dissemination of information /best practices
● Activities aimed at Social Empowerment
● Sensitization on Gender and PWD WASH rights related to Safe Water Management, Good Hygiene Practice and Sanitation management |
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Sl</th>
<th>Project/Program</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Funding Agencies</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Budgeting</th>
<th>Activities/Major works</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>Panijiban</td>
<td>Mororgoil sub-district of Bagerhat district.</td>
<td>HELVETAS Swiss Internation</td>
<td>Jan 2016 to Dec 2018.</td>
<td>BDT: 1,06,66,038</td>
<td>Activation of Union WASH Committees Establishment of Mothers Parliament and arranging regular meeting of WASH monitoring clubs and arranging meeting for target people in getting safe water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>WASH SDG Program</td>
<td>Barguna Sadar, Naltona, Dhalua &amp; Amtali &amp; Patharghata Municipalities</td>
<td>Simavi, The Netherlands</td>
<td>Jun 2018 to July 2019</td>
<td>BDT: 1,54,54,683</td>
<td>Activities on LGI level that leads to more demand for WASH services, facilities and products. Household/Community level activities that will lead to more awareness on WASH issues with the intention to increase the demand for facilities and services. Creating platforms and collaboration structures at community level where the demand can be formulated and voiced. Dissemination of information/best practices. Activities aimed at Social Empowerment. Sensitization on Gender and PWD WASH rights related to Social Water Management, Good Hygiene Practice and Sanitation management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Project Name</td>
<td>Time Frame</td>
<td>Budget</td>
<td>Implementor</td>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Activities</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
| 44  | DORP Wetlands Bangladesh      | January to December 2019 | BDT: 23,17,382 | Wetlands International       | Bhola             | - Conducting water resource management (WRM) budget tracking  
- Developing a model water security plan for one union  
- Identifying convergence opportunity with existing schemes and programs for allocating resources to implementation of water security plan  
- Meeting with CSO network in Bhola to promote wider recognition of the linkages of sustainable WASH with water security  
- Increased awareness of duty bearer on sustainable WASH/IWRM |
| 45  | Ritu Project                  | 1st November 2016 to April 2019 | BDT: 2,25,85,400 | SIMAVI                       | Netrokona district | - Project aims to promote improved menstrual hygiene among school going girls. Works are:  
  1. Selection of schools  
  2. Formation of Ritu students forums  
  3. Support & follow-up of establishment of girls friendly toilets  
  4. Coordination with GOB officials & WASH related stakeholders.  
  5. Campaign among the school authority and students. |
- Lobby and advocacy meeting with WASH/IWRM Service providers.  
- Pre-budget and Open budget dialogue at Union Parishad.  
- Operationalisation of Water Rules by sharing at Upazila IWRM and WASH Committee.  
- Petition submission to DPHE, BWDB, and LGED and get Feedback.  
- Conduct Workshop for duty bearers (BWDB, DPHE, LGIs) to identify Best Practices  
- Organizes sharing and learning meetings with stakeholders: DPHE, LGED, BWDB, DAE.  
- CSOs meeting with Upazila Parishad WASH Public Health, Sanitation and Pure Water Supply committee for addressing WASH rights for excluded people. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Title</th>
<th>From</th>
<th>Amounting Tk.</th>
<th>Implementing Organization</th>
<th>受益方</th>
<th>Activities / Outcomes and Goals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Accelerating Health Village: WASH Monitoring Perspective                     | From 1 February 2016 to 15 December 2016 | 48,81,930     | SIMAVI- The Netherlands          | Borguna Sadar, Fakirhat, Ramgati, Sirajganj Sadar, Kuliarchar, Bhuapur | - Campaign & promotion by WASH day observation, WASH related Banner display, Information board, Wash Message dissemination  
- WASH Service Monitoring by Health village group discussion, Health village representative meeting with UP/DPHE, School WASH monitoring, Menstrual Hygiene education to School students, Improve sanitation facilities.  
- Lobby and Advocacy by Sanitation, Water supply & sewer-age standing committee meeting, UDCC meeting, Consultation & Advocacy meeting, TV Talk show, Write up Daily News paper.  
- WASH Budget Monitoring by WASH Budget Monitoring club meeting, Pre-Budget Dialogue, Open Budget Dialogue, Public Hearing, Hygiene promotion, Awareness buildup, Community mobilization & capacity building of community people.  
- Addressing Right to Water and Sanitation: Voice of Mother Parliament |
| Strengthening Partnerships, Results and Innovation in Nutrition Globally (SPRING) | From October 2012 to September 2016 | 10,22,73,548   | USAID through Save the Children Bangladesh | Magura Sadar, Narail Sadar, Kalia Bhola, Bhola Sadar, Daulatkhana, Lamphon, Tajumuddin, Borhanuddin, Charfashion and Monpura | - Reduce the Stunting in Bangladesh through improving the nutritional status of the Pregnant women, Lactating mothers and Children under 2  
- Formation of Farmer Nutrition Schools (FNS) for HFP and ENA/EHA  
- Conduct training on ENA/EHA for Health & Family Planning and Agriculture Extension department front line staff.  
- Mentoring and supportive supervision of delivery of key ENA/EHA messages during MOA Contacts and home visits  
- Distribute seeds and provide technical support among the FNS members for Homestead Food production, establishment of Homestead vegetable gardens, Practices appropriate Poultry and Aquaculture techniques among the SPRING FNS members)  
- Upazila level monthly meetings between SPRING and implementing partners and partner NGOs and government counterparts for better coordination to ensure the sustainability of the SPRING Activities |
| Follow-up the WAB supported  'Addressing Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH) in Southwestern Bangladesh (WASH-plus)' | From 16th November 2015 to 15th November 2016 | 462,240.00    | Water Aid Bangladesh             | Charfission Upazila under Bhola district | - Follow-up  
- Hygiene sessions of mothers’ group  
- CDF’s meeting on WASH scenario  
- Promotion of hand washing device  
- Use and maintenance of HH latrines  
- Operation and maintenance of water points  
- Continuation of school WASH programmes  
- Promotion of SaTopans by the LSEs  
- Utilization of the trained mechanics |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>50</th>
<th>Addressing Water, Sanitation &amp; Hygiene (WASH) in Southwestern Bangladesh (WASH Plus)</th>
<th>1st April 2013 to 15th May 2015</th>
<th>Amounting Tk. 56,041,104</th>
<th>Water Aid Bangladesh &amp; USAID</th>
<th>Bhola-Charfassion Upazila Aminabad, Char Manika, Osmangonj, Ewajpur, Kukri-Mukri, Dhalchar, Rasulpur and Hajariganj Union</th>
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<td></td>
<td>• Inception Activities</td>
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<td>• Monitoring and Evaluation</td>
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<td>• Analysis and Planning</td>
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<td>• Community Mobilization for WASH Behavior Change</td>
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<td>• Water Supply</td>
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<td>• Addressing sanitation and hand washing</td>
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<td>• Raise awareness and build capacity of communities, local partners</td>
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<td>• Strengthen Capacity of Local Government</td>
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<td>• Advocacy to prioritize WASH, mobilize additional resources</td>
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<td>• Strengthen the evidence base and programming guidance for coordinated</td>
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<td>• WASH-nutrition programming</td>
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<tr>
<th>51</th>
<th>Strengthening the Rural Health Service at Grass Root Level of Bangladesh</th>
<th>From March 2012 to February 2015</th>
<th>Amounting Tk. 14,47,600</th>
<th>NOVA Consultancy Bangladesh CORDAID- The Netherlands</th>
<th>Bhuapur, Tangail</th>
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<tbody>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>• CC management committee meeting</td>
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<td>• Union Health Standing Committee Meeting</td>
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<td>• Meeting of community WATCH group</td>
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<td>• Public Hearing</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Folk Talent Group on Maternal and Child Health, Violence against Women, Gender awareness</td>
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<td>• Public gathering</td>
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<td>• Dialogue with concerned District officials</td>
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<tr>
<th>52</th>
<th>Ma Moni Health Services Strengthening- Ma Moni HSS</th>
<th>15 June 2013 to 31 December 2014</th>
<th>Amounting Tk. 6,92,44,156</th>
<th>Save the Children Bangladesh &amp; USAID</th>
<th>Noakhali Sadar Sonaimuri Chatkhil Subarnachar</th>
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<tr>
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<td>• Improved service readiness through critical gap management through Maternal &amp; Newborn Health, Family Planning and Nutrition (MNHF-P-N) intervention</td>
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<td>• Strengthened health systems at district level and below</td>
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<td>• Enabling environment promoted to strengthen district-level health systems</td>
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<td>• Barriers to health service accessibility identified and reduced</td>
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<tr>
<td>Project</td>
<td>Time Period</td>
<td>Amounting Tk.</td>
<td>Implementer</td>
<td>Area</td>
<td>Activities</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Right to Water and Sanitation in Bangladesh</td>
<td>From January 2014 to December 2014</td>
<td>16,92,334</td>
<td>Both ENDS The Netherlands</td>
<td>Nationwide</td>
<td>Workshop on the Right to Water and Sanitation</td>
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<td>TV Talk Show on the Right to Water and Sanitation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advocacy for Human Resource in Health</td>
<td>From January 2012 to December 2012</td>
<td>20,29,700</td>
<td>Wemos Foundation</td>
<td>Bangladesh</td>
<td>Advocacy with different ministries of Government of Bangladesh</td>
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<td>Organize dialog, seminar, workshop, roundtable etc.</td>
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<td>Prepare position paper on midwives &amp; CHCP for advocacy purpose.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health Monitoring and Advocacy on Safe Motherhood</td>
<td>From July 2011 to June 2013</td>
<td>13,74,843</td>
<td>CORDAID The Netherlands</td>
<td>Sirajgonj Sadar</td>
<td>Facilitate UPSC for organizing regular monthly meeting and monitoring Data analysis</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Meeting between UPSC, CBO and service provider on monitoring finding</td>
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<td>Consultation meeting</td>
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<td>CBO’s meeting</td>
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<td>Day observation</td>
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<td>Public hearing with health service providers</td>
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<td>Meeting with upazila and District level</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health Village</td>
<td>From January 2008 to December 2010</td>
<td>1,75,12,029</td>
<td>SIMAVI The Netherlands</td>
<td>Lohagara, Raipur, Ramgati, Kularchar, Sirajgonj Sadar, Bhuapur, Narailsadar and Barguna</td>
<td>Provide Training</td>
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<td>Provide Sanitary Latrine &amp; Tube Well</td>
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<td>Provide MCH Care</td>
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<td>Formation of budget club</td>
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<td>Activate the UP standing committees</td>
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<td>School Sanitation</td>
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<td>Reproductive health for adolescents</td>
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<td>Make linkage with other nation</td>
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<tr>
<td>HIV/AIDS Intervention Services (HAIS) Project for the Street Based Sex Workers</td>
<td>From December 2009 to December 2010</td>
<td>1,75,12,029</td>
<td>Ministry of Health &amp; Family Welfare of the GoB and Financed by World Bank</td>
<td>Dhaka City, Chittagong City, Sylhet City &amp; Bhola</td>
<td>Aware the sex workers on HIV/AIDS and provide HTI treatment</td>
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<td>Condom promotion and campaign</td>
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<td>SL</td>
<td>Project/Program</td>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>Budgeting</td>
<td>Funding Agencies</td>
<td>Location</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
• Provide micro-enterprise credit to the entrepreneurs.  
• Savings generation and sustainability  
• Poverty alleviation  
• Empowering the poor specially women who live in the Village. |
| 60 | SAPNA Package Project for Poverty Alleviation of the Maternity Allowance Recipient Mothers | From July 2014 to Continue                                             | Amounting Tk. 5,50,00,000                                                  | Ministry of Women & Children Affairs through Department of Women Affairs, Government of the Peoples Republic of Bangladesh | Dhaka Tongipara, Kaligonj Chittagong Chatkhil, Ramgati Rajshahi Singra, Badalgachi Syhet Srimongol Khulna Mujibnagar Barisal  
Daulatkhon Rangpur Ulpur                                                                 | • Supporting and coordinating with Department of Women Affairs in implementation of SAPNA project.  
• Revisiting Maternity Allowance recipient mothers for SAPNA package selection i.e. Health, Nutrition Birth Card, Education & Cultural Card, Housing and Sanitation, Livelihood income generating inputs, Savings and Microcredit, if needed:  
• Couple Training, PPPP implementation, Organizing Ma  
Sangsad Coordination: with concerned different Ministry/Stakeholders, Dept of Women Affairs & Field Offices and Union Parishad. |
| 61 | Vulnerable Group Development (VGD)                                              | From May 2012 to December 2016. From February 2017 to December 2018      | Amounting Tk. 12,99,083                                                   | Ministry of Women & Children Affairs and WFP                                                                         | Laksmipur sadar And Monohargon (Cumilla) upazila                                                                 | • Provide Training on live skills & IGA  
• Improve Socio-economic Condition  
• Food Support Coordination  
• Women Empowerment  
• Savings & Credit |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project ID</th>
<th>Project Title</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Amounting Tk.</th>
<th>Implementing Agency</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 62        | Development of Soil Management Tool to Improve Food Security of Haor Dwellers | From July 2010 to December 2012 | 6,091,521              | European Union (EU) & Ministry of Agriculture                                      | Derai of Sunamganj, Mohanganj of Netrokona, Lakhai of Hobiganj and Nikli of Kishorganj | - Conduct Baseline Survey  
- Formation of Farmer groups  
- Distribution of Farm inputs  
- Agriculture machinery and seeds distribution  
- Block Demonstration  
- Organize rally & workshop  
- Exchange Visit |
| 63        | Gender based-Social Assistance Program for Non-Asseters-centered in Maternity Allowance (GB-SAPNA) | From December 2010 to September 2012 | 3,66,41,014            | AECID (Spanish Agency for International Cooperation for development)                | Kaligonj Upazila of Gazipur, Ramgati & Kamolnagar Upazila of Lakshmipur and Chatkhil Upazila of Noakhali District | - Conduct Baseline survey & End line Survey  
- Provide training on health care, maternal & neonatal health, sanitation and livelihood  
- Organize mother group and orient them for developing institution  
- Provide housing material with sanitary latrine  
- Provide health & education card  
- Provide livelihood support to 450 mothers in the form of materials and kind (not cash) |
| 64        | Social Assistance Program for Non-asserters (SAPNA)                            | From January 2009 to September 2010 | 3,19,09,194.63         | AECID (Spanish Agency for International Cooperation for Development)                | Kamalnagar, Ramgati, Laksmipursadar of Laksmipur district                | - Conduct Baseline survey & End line Survey  
- Provide training on health care, maternal & neonatal health, sanitation and livelihood  
- Organize mother group and orient them for developing institution  
- Provide housing material with sanitary latrine  
- Provide health & education card |
| 65        | Low Cost Rural Housing Project (Revolving Credit)                              | From 1996 to 2007              |                        | Mo/LGRD & Coop-UNDP                                                               | Ramgati, Raipur, Laksmipursadar                                        | - Construction of 358 low cost houses for the rural poor on revolving credit program. |
| 66        | Road Side Tree Plantation Project                                              | From 1998 to 1999              |                        | LGED-CARE                                                                        | Feni, Ramgati                                                             | - Organize maintenance group women in consultation with Union Parishad;  
- Plantation of trees and maintenance;  
- Close coordination with Union Parishad |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Project Name</th>
<th>From To</th>
<th>实施方</th>
<th>Objective</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>Urban Governance Infrastructure Improvement Project (UGIIP)</td>
<td>From 2006 to 2010</td>
<td>LGED-GoB and ADB</td>
<td>Savar, Shahjadpur and Moulavibazar Pourashava</td>
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<td>67</td>
<td></td>
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<td>• Organize the urban poor;</td>
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<td>67</td>
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<td>• Provide training both awareness and skill along with microcredit</td>
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<td>67</td>
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<td>• Provide health &amp; education</td>
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<td>67</td>
<td></td>
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<td>• Non-formal education for children &amp; adult</td>
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<td>68</td>
<td>Jute Mills Workers Retraining Project</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>CDRB</td>
<td>Dhaka</td>
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<td>68</td>
<td></td>
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<td>• Training on Bamboo &amp; Cane, Nursery, Mini Poultry.</td>
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<td>69</td>
<td>Compartmentalization Pilot Project-CPP</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>BWDB</td>
<td>Tangail</td>
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<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>Social Assistance Program</td>
<td>From December 2006 to December 2007</td>
<td>SDF (Ministry of Finance) &amp; WB</td>
<td>Jamalpur sadar, Islampur and Melandaha</td>
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<td>70</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Non-formal education for children &amp; adult</td>
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<td>71</td>
<td>Self-Sustained Embankment Maintenance Pilot Project</td>
<td>From 1996 to 1997</td>
<td>BWDB-ADB</td>
<td>Charfession of Bhola</td>
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<td>72</td>
<td>Mymensingh Aquaculture Extension Project-MAEP</td>
<td>From May 1998 to April 1999</td>
<td>DoF-DANIDA</td>
<td>7 upazila of Kishoregonj</td>
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<td>73</td>
<td>North-East Minor Irrigation Project-NEMIP</td>
<td>From September 1996 to April 1998</td>
<td>DAE-ADB</td>
<td>Kishoregonj</td>
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<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td>Fisher Folk Livelihood Project</td>
<td>From 1998 to 2000</td>
<td>DFID</td>
<td>Charfession of Bhola and Raipur &amp; Laksimpur of Laksimpur district</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>WFP Assisted Afforestation Scheme</td>
<td>From 1992</td>
<td>FD-GoB-WFP</td>
<td>Charfession, Ramgati, Laksimpursadar, Narail, Kishoregonj and Lama</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td>WFP Assisted Pond Reexcavation Project</td>
<td>From 1993 to 2000</td>
<td>DoF-GoB-WFP</td>
<td>Tangail, Kishoregonj, Bhola, Barguna, Amtali and Laksimpur</td>
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</tbody>
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